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Victoria Daily Times.

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For Spring Sickness.
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VOL. 18 VICTORIA, B. C., SATURDAY, APRIL 8, 1893. NO. 82.

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I am now prepared to show you for Spring and Summer wear such a complete range of choice Suiting Materials bought from the most noted manufacturers, that they must be seen to be appreciated. English, Scotch and Irish Worsteds, Serges and Tweeds. **I have them all,** and all of the finest grades.

English Serge and Tweed Suitings, $32, $34, $36.
English Fancy Diagonal Worsteds, $35, $37, $38.
Scotch "Cheviots" and "Bannockburns," $25, $28, $30, $32, $34.
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Trouserings from $5 up, and made to order while waiting.

High class and clean, honest work with above prices. Distances competition. More particularly when I don't want your money if **fit, finish and elegance in style** don't make you feel like a new man, ready to shake hands with yourself.

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WILTONS, BRUSSELS, TAPESTRY WOOL Carpets

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BRANCHES:

IN BRITISH COLUMBIA—VICTORIA, VANCOUVER, NEW WESTMINSTER, NANAIMO, KAMLOOPS AND NELSON.
IN THE UNITED STATES—SAN FRANCISCO, PORTLAND, SEATTLE AND TACOMA

Agents and Correspondents in Canada and the United States:

Bank of Montreal, Canadian Bank of Commerce, Imperial Bank of Canada; Bank of Montreal New York and Chicago.

SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT Deposits received from $1 upwards, and interest allowed (present rate) at 3½ per cent. per annum
Gold dust purchased and every description of Banking business transacted.

NELSON, Kootenay Lake, B.C. This branch is now open for business
Victoria, B C., April 4, 1892. ap7-1yr W. C. WARD, MANAGER.

GRIP AND PASSWORD.

A Busy Week Among the Local Lodges of the Various Secret Societies.

Proposition to Form a Provincial Grand Lodge of the Canadian Oddfellows.

The past week, the first of the month, has as usual been a busy one among the lodges of the different societies. A large number of meetings have been held and a lot of business disposed of.

Y. M. I.

Seghers Council No. 85, Y.M.I., will meet on Monday evening for the transaction of regular business. Several candidates will be initiated at this meeting. One candidate was initiated at the last general meeting. A special meeting was held last Monday evening for the purpose of initiating a candidate who was not able to be present at the regular meeting nights. In accordance with a suggestion made by Past Grand Deputy Smith, that each subordinate council should appoint a committee at each regular meeting to prepare a programme of amusements for each meeting, the same to be given under the head of the good of the order, Seghers Council took such action at the last regular meeting, by appointing a committee to draw up a programme for next Monday night.

It is reported that another branch of the Y. M. I. will be organized in Victoria. The matter is being canvassed very industriously and it is thought that a larger number of members can be induced to join at the first meeting than are needed in order to obtain a charter. A meeting may be called next week. The order is growing all over the continent.

I. O. O. F.

Victoria lodge met on Monday evening and transacted quite a lot of business. One candidate was admitted into the mysteries of odd-fellowship and one brother was advanced to the first degree.

Vancouver Encampment, No. 1, met on Tuesday evening and the general business was gone through with. One candidate was elected and one was initiated. After considerable discussion it was decided to purchase a new set of officers' regalia and also 100 new funeral and parade badges.

Canton Victoria, No. 1 did not have any drill last Saturday evening, but will hold their regular meeting to-night, when a proposition for membership will be considered.

DAUGHTERS OF ENGLAND.

Princess Alexandra lodge meet at Foresters' hall, Government street, on Friday evening, April 14th, at 8 o'clock.

I. O. F.

A new lodge will shortly be organized in Victoria West. There are already 20 charter members on the list.

Court Bannockburn met last evening, Chief Ranger Lockhart in the chair, and initiated a new member. C. D. Supreme Chief Ranger Falconer read several communications from the Supreme Court accepting the medical examiners' certificate for several members desiring insurance, and other matters relative to the order in British Columbia. At the next meeting ten members will be initiated.

The Supreme Court is offering prizes to members obtaining new members. A large number of handsome and valuable prizes will be given.

C. O. O. F.

The quarterly meeting of Fernwood lodge was held last evening when the new officers took their seats for the first time. After routine business had been disposed of the members were banqueted, after a pleasant evening was concluded by speeches, songs and recitations. A concert and dance was held on Thursday evening under the auspices of the lodge.

The proposal to organize a provincial grand lodge is meeting with success and it is hoped that it will be organized in a few weeks. There are already sufficient lodges in the province and others are being formed.

Lodges of Daughters of Ruth will also be organized during the present year.

A. O. U. W.

The regular meeting of Sullivan lodge will be held next Friday evening. Several new members will be initiated.

With a view of increasing the membership of the order in the province, each member has been supplied with cards on the back of which are application for membership forms. The cards request the members to use their best endeavors to secure new members. It is expected that 50 candidates will be initiated at the meeting of Victoria lodge to be held on the last Wednesday of April.

A. O. F.

The regular meeting of Court Northern Light will be held next Thursday evening.

At the meeting of the Juvenile Court on Friday evening next the members will be drilled. Members of the other courts are invited to attend.

The Daughters of the Forest will meet on Monday night at 8 o'clock when the balance of the charter members will be initiated.

The British Columbia St. George's Society held its annual meeting last evening. All the old officers were elected by acclamation. The proposed alteration in the by-laws to include a benefit guild will be considered at a special meeting on April 28th. Arrangements were made for the due observance of St. George's day.

I. O. G. T.

The Temperance Hall is at present in the hands of the decorators, undergoing a thorough renovating, which will be a decided improvement.

A joint concert by the W. C. T. U. and Perseverance lodge No. 1 will be held as soon as the hall is finished.

The Victoria District Lodge, No. 1, met on Wednesday night at Victoria West lodge, when 33 delegates were initiated into the district lodge degree.

A temperance mass meeting will be held in the Temperance Hall, Pandora street, on Sunday afternoon at 4 o'clock. Rev. M. L. Rugg will deliver an address. The singing will be under the direction of Mr. J. G. Brown, leader of the First Presbyterian church choir. Visitors cordially invited to attend.

A. F. & A. M.

Victoria-Columbia lodge met on Thursday evening and conferred degrees. Three applications for membership were disposed of. This lodge is in a flourishing condition, there being initiations at almost every meeting.

At a meeting of Columbia Royal Arch Chapter held on Tuesday evening, the royal arch degree was conferred on three candidates.

Work on the addition to the Masonic Temple will commence as soon as arrangements are made. The increase in the membership of the order demands the addition.

We Are Not

Presuming to Preach when we counsel economy, and to practice economy is to buy at moderate prices. This means to make your purchases of Boots and Shoes from our superb display of new spring styles. High class goods and low prices do the

Talking

We need to do very little after we get the customer in the store. Summer is springing upon us, and our goods are springing into popularity at even a faster pace.

See the latest in Tan, Tennis, and Lacrosse Shoes, and other lines, and you will agree that we are not talking

Moonshine.

A. B. ERSKINE,
COR. GOV'T & JOHNSON STS.

FRANCO-CANADIAN TREATY.

The Terms of the Agreement Considered Satisfactory by the British.

Minister Foster's Action Was Hasty but Will Cause Only One Year's Delay.

London, April 8.—The practical settlement of the French treaty difficulty by the understanding that the Dominion Government will submit the treaty for ratification at next session, gives satisfaction here, and is regarded as proof that Lord Dufferin and Sir Charles Tupper, when they were in Paris, were able to show that Mr. Foster's action was due to an entire misconstruction of the actual facts. A year's delay is regrettable, but assurances are given that will avert the results the hasty decision at Ottawa would otherwise have involved, and remove the serious strain in the relations between the high commissioner and the ministry. It is believed that when the question is discussed next year it will be found that the view taken from the first here as to the Government's responsibility for the treaty is fully warranted.

ADDRESS TO HIS HOLINESS.

Povincial Y M I. Send Congratulations—The Australian Line.

Vancouver, April 8.—The Trades and Labor Council will oppose the guarantee to the street railway company.

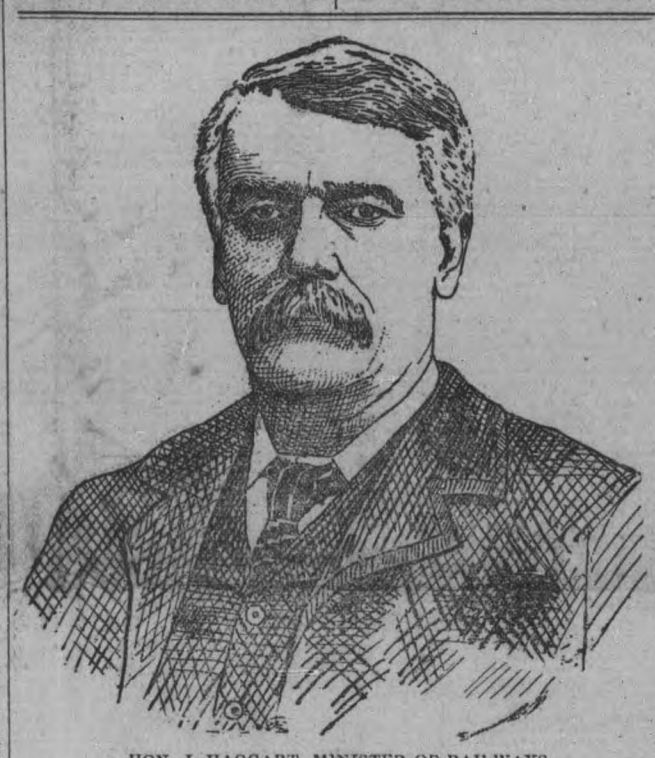
Bishop Durien, on his trip to Rome, will bear an illuminated congratulatory address to the Pope from the Roman Catholic Y. M. I.

The people of Nakusp are again petitioning the Vancouver board of trade to urge the construction of a wagon road from Nakusp into the Slocan country, to bring the trade of that section to the coast cities of British Columbia.

Angus Campbell, aged 8, was killed yesterday by falling below a loaded wagon. He died in 15 minutes.

The announcement of the Australian line was received with enthusiasm, and eastern parties have telegraphed withdrawing property from the market. One steamer as the Marraroa, 320 feet long, 1248 tons register and the property of the Union Steamship Company, New Zealand; another is the Warrimoo, a sister ship. The C. P. R. are local agents.

C. M. Beecher was elected president of the Vancouver Lacrosse club last night and A. E. Suckling field captain. An effort will be made to-night at the provincial association meeting to weed out semi-professionalism, which prevails more or less in all provincial teams. Owing to the cost of keeping up two such men the Vancouver club is $175 in debt.



HON. J. HAGGART, MINISTER OF RAILWAYS.

WILLING TO TUG.

Royal City Firemen Anxious to Meet the Victorians—Fraser Fishery Notes.

New Westminster, April 8.—The members of the fire brigade are anxious to pull the Victoria brigade team in a tug-of-war for $100 a side. They have written to that effect.

The first cases of fishermen corking nets this season were up this morning. Only nominal fines were imposed. Mr. W. Moresby appearing asked a bench warrant for any fishermen, in view of the present good year, who should cause any infractions, rows, etc., and that offenders be heavily dealt with, as these disputes often lead to bloodshed.

The fishery officers yesterday placed 1,300,000 young salmon in Harrison lake.

At a meeting last night the Roman Catholic church in this city decided to organize a branch of the Young Men's Institute. Thirty names were enrolled on the application for a charter.

Capt. John Irving has arrived to take command of the steamer Irving in place of Capt. Odin, who is ill.

SHORT LOCALS

Gleanings of City and Provincial News in a Condensed Form.

—Owing to the absence from the city of the grand chancellor the formation of a new Pythian lodge has been postponed.

—The retirement of Major John Nicholles from the active militia, retaining rank, is formally announced in to-day's Canada Gazette.

—The orchestra which furnished the music for the Saanich ball is known as Fisher's Philharmonic orchestra. Most of its members, however, belong to the V. A. C. band.

—A charge of violating the sanitary by-law by having an improper drain in one of his houses at Fisgard and Government streets against E. M. Johnson was heard this morning in police court. Magistrate Macrea dismissed the summons.

—Many of his old friends will be glad to see and hear Rev. M. L. Rugg of Seattle, formerly of Calvary Baptist church, who is to preach in the Emmanuel Baptist church on Sunday, morning and evening. Mr. Rugg was to have preached the dedicatory sermons at the opening of the new church, but on account of an accident to the North Pacific was not able to connect.

Death of an Artist.

London, April 8.—Youngmann, the noted German artist, died here yesterday. He gained reputation as an artist in the war of the rebellion.

Search for a Derelict.

San Francisco, April 8.—Word was received this morning that the tug Vigilant, which left here in search of the burning ship King James, had been seen off Port Conception. She was signalled from shore that nothing had been seen of the ship, and the Vigilant thereupon stood out to sea to continue her search.

WHARF AND WAVE.

Jottings of Interest to Marine Men Concisely Compiled

Steamer Maude arrived from Nanaimo to-day with coal for the C.P.N. Co.

Steamer Princess Louise leaves for the north on Monday evening

The steamer North Pacific carried away a carload of groceries last evening, which go to the Kootenay country via Spokane and Bonner's Ferry. Victoria is getting a good share of the Kootenay trade.

The little steamer Spinster, Capt. Foot, left for Clayoquot yesterday evening.

The schooner Venture will be ready for her northern cruise again on Tuesday.

The Empress of Japan is expected in from Yokohama on Tuesday next. She has 100 saloon passengers and a big freight.

The steamship Mogul is due here from Yokohama on Wednesday next.

H.M.S. Garnet will leave the dry dock about Tuesday. The Romulus will then enter the dock.

Pocket and table cutlery at Fox's, 87 Government street.

Garden tools at McLennan & McFeely's.

SPORTING INTELLIGENCE.

Matters of Interest Going Forward in the Sporting World Here and Elsewhere.

TUG-OF-WAR.

THE FIREMEN'S PROPOSITION.

To the Sporting Editor: Regarding the answer to our challenge, permit me to state that we are willing to pull under the conditions stated on Tuesday last, viz.: "For the championship of British Columbia and $100 to cover expenses." It is not our intention to make the tug-of-war a gambling proposition, but to encourage physical culture. We do not intend to allow the importation of men for taking it an object to pay them for time taken up during practice. In making such a sweeping challenge we consider the claims of other teams to the championship, and, to settle the question, decided to meet all comers. Understanding that Mr. Rose selected a team, and knowing that the people of Victoria are anxious to assist a worthy object, we make the following propositions: On Saturday evening, April 15, the firemen's team will pull Mr. Rose's team for the championship of British Columbia. We are willing to pull for the championship only, or will pull for the amount mentioned above, with the championship. Further, we propose to pull in the market building, and, if satisfactory, will charge an admission fee. The net proceeds will be given by the teams to the widows of the men killed recently at Tumbo island. If the above is acceptable we will meet at the Colonist office on Monday evening, at 8 o'clock, to make final arrangements.

FIREMEN'S TEAM.

MISCELLANEOUS.

There were sports enough this afternoon to please the most fastidious. The Victoria and Somenos Rugby teams played at the hill at 1 o'clock, and the Nanaimo and Victoria junior association teams played at 3. The canoe club had its first outing, beginning at 2. The Wanderers cycling club had a club run. The Victoria junior cricket club played a practice game, and both the gun clubs held matches.

CANADIAN DISPATCHES.

The News of Eastern Canada in Short Paragraphs.

Col. Worsley, D.A.G., of the Nova Scotia district, and Col. Murray, district paymaster, have been compelled to retire on account of irregularities connected with their offices.

The Tay Electric Light Company has been incorporated by the Ontario government, with a capital of $50,000, to light the town of Perth. Among the incorporators are Minister Haggart and John C. Balderson.

N. J. S. Laochelle, a merchant at the Thetford mines, Quebec, and a son of Leon Larochelle, merchant of St. Henry, is dead from injuries received while trying to board a moving train.

A Boston syndicate is trying to purchase or lease the Farmers' Binder Twine and Manufacturing Co. at Brantford, guaranteeing seven per cent. to stock holders.

Hyacinthe Lauthier, one of the few survivors of the Lower Canadian rebellion of 1837, has just died at Smith's Falls.

Thomas Robson, a prominent and prosperous farmer of Oden township, is dead, aged 35.

David A. Thomson, a well-to-do farmer of Ellismere, township of Scarboro, is dead.

At an inquest in Port Stanley on the body of Mrs. Sutton, who was burned to death, a son of hers testified that his mother was of weak mind, and he kept her locked in an upper room, and, owing to the excitement caused by the fire, he forgot all about her and she had to perish.

C. B McDougal, editor of the Moncton, N.B., Plaindealer, was severely assaulted by A. W. Carlyle, a piano agent. An article in the Plaindealer warning Moncton belles not to flirt with Carlyle as he was a married man, having a wife in St. Stephen, was the cause of the assault. Carlyle was rrested and tried at once and fined $25.

Word has been received of the death in New York of James Finn, formerly of Kintail. The remains were found on a railway, but foul play is suspected, as the deceased was known to have received $600 aa short time before, none of which was found on the body.

NAVAL NOTES

Repairs to Temeraine—Pomone to Re commission

H. M. S. Temeraire, battleship, undergoing an extensive refit at Devonport, was to have been completed by March 26th. On March 21st her yards were crossed, her sails bent, and all plain sail made, for the purpose of seeing the sails and rigging complete. The boats were put on board and placed in position.

H. M. S. Brilliant is to be sent to Chatham and placed in the steam reserve. It had been generally expected that she would have been commissioned to relieve H. M. S. Melpomene, cruiser, on the Pacific station, but the Admiralty have decided to recommission the Melpomene at Esquimalt for a second term of service this summer.

The Naval Gazette says that the Royal Arthur made a trial of her engines on March 20th at Portsmouth, which was entirely satisfactory. She will have another trial. During the week the officers and men have been busily engaged preparing the new flagship for sea, drawing stores, and—most difficult task of all—stowing the stores away in the limited space available in this class of vessel. The midshipmen and cadets appointed to the ship joined on Friday and Saturday, and have made themselves comfortable in the gun room. The wardroom is very nicely fitted up with bird's-eye maple panels, oak sideboards, and a very handsome stove, and the officers have found room for a piano and several extremely comfortable chairs. The commission promises to be a happy one with such senior officers as Admiral Stephenson, Captain Trench and Commander Stokes, and both wardroom and gunroom officers take an interest in sports, and have provided themselves with plenty of paraphernalia for that purpose. The forthcoming inspection of the ship by the Prince of Wales is no doubt intended as a mark of His Royal Highness's warm friendship for Admiral Stephenson, who was formerly his equerry, but it will be greatly appreciated by the officers and men as well. Both the Queen and the Duke of Connaught have presented engraved portraits of themselves to the wardroom officers, and another of the Prince of Wales is likely to be given. It is interesting to note that the portrait of the Queen bears Her Majesty's autograph, and that the Queen has written the date 1875 in the left hand corner, indicating that the portrait was taken in that year. The Royal Arthur will leave here on the 28th instant, according to present arrangements, and will proceed to her station via Las Palmas and the Falkland Islands, joining the Warspite in the Straits of Magellan.

Wall Paper, Plate Glass, Paints, Etc. ★ ★ ★

J. W. MELLOR, 76 & 78 Fort Street, Above Douglas.

A POVERTY JUNCTION.

An Odd Gathering of Odd Folk in an Odd Corner of London—Typical Scene.

Music Hall Performers, Their Origin and Haunts—Weekly Symposium.

(Correspondence of the Times.)
London, March 27, 1893.

In order to appreciate one of the odd- of the oddest corners of London, one of the oldest corners of London, one must first know something about those whose strange lives and unique vocations made the noted London "Poverty Junction" what it is.

They are the "pros" or "prossers" or music-hall performers of the world's metropolis. There are from 3000 to 5000 of them, great and unknown, men and women, and there are no other folk just like them within the whole world. They provide the "amusement" for the score or more of great music-halls, into each of which nightly crowd from two to five thousand peope, and for the hundreds upon hundreds of lesser affairs, ranging from the old-time free-and-easy, from which the modern music-hall has sprung, to the "penny-gaffs," where audiences of from one to five hundred persons may be found.

Besides these, I would almost venture the assertion, there are thousands of "pubs" or public houses, drinking places with assembly rooms behind the bar, where free "smoking concerts" attract a permanent audience every night of from a score to a hundred workingmen and the foul rabble that subsist upon their generosity and weakness.

Indeed any one who knows this great city at all in the wandering, vagrant, observant way which leads thought into very grave conclusions, would have no hesitancy in saying that a quarter of a million human beings may be found any week-day night in these places "cheery" or more so, from liquor and from these sources forming their odd ideas of international contrasts; gathering from vile-mouthed performers' quibs the news and scandals of the day; increasing their contempt of order and law from their endless satire and ridicule; gaining in general and particular deeper hatred of English society above them; and hearing, often with wives and daughters beside them, the most sacred relations of men and women never spoken or sung of save as perennial playground for cunning and infidelity; until the heartiest laugh is in response to the broadest entendre, and the loudest roar rises from these great seas of upturned faces when the vilest music-hall indecencies are prepetrated.

Of all these places the "penny-gaff," or outrageously ridiculous pantomime, or voiceless melodrama, or wordless tragedy, in which there is indescribable murder, highway robbery, and other lurid crime, but all enacted without spoken word to evade the law governing dramatic representations, is the least harmful, for it has no bar; and to get his "penny'orth" of play, the Whitechapel barbarian is kept for at least two hours away from a public house.

The great London music-hall is simply a larger and more insiduously hurtful type of the free "smoking concert" room. It is practically a gigantic bar or series of tiers of bars, surrounding an auditorium where the thousands instead of scores can be admitted, at a merely nominal entrance fee; where a stage with specialty performers supplant the platform, the pianist and the volunteer; and where the same classes, or more vicious ones, with "Arry and Arriets" of London fill the pit, while every manner of cad, fast fellow of the gentry and nobility, including a good sprinkling of London Bohemia, saunter in the promenades and fill the boxes and stalls.

About 20 different acts called "turns" are done by as many performers in one evening, and each actor will have from one to four "turns" for the same evening, each at different halls to which he speeds in every sort of conveyance, from a coster's donkey cart to a brougham. Programmes are furnished, on payment, and huge numerals, slid into the proscenium sides, correspond with the programme numbers.

These shows, with few exceptions in favor of individual performers, are utterly pointless, mirthless, inane and beastly. There are perhaps in all this host of London music-hall "actors" a half dozen who have demonstrated that true art may find reward even in so hopeess a field. Such are George Beauchamp, comedian; Jenny Hill, impersonator of the coster girl, "the ludging-'ouse missus," and female characters of that ilk; and Albert Chevalier, whose studies and representations of the London costermonger should give him rank as a really great actor and a man of positive genius.

But between all these odd folk and the London actors of the dramatic stage, there is endless emulation mingled with tantalizing attempts at "freedery" and airness on the one side, and a fadeless dread and contempt on the other. The "pros" or "prosser" as he is everywhere known in London, is in nearly every instance a product of the lowest London life. As a rule he was originally a costermonger, stable-boy, "boots," starveling from the traveling booth shows, Billingsgate crate-carrier, or from somewhere out of the East End slums.

If he be of as good quality as from the humblest laboring classes he still, as well as all other music-hall performers, graduates into his profession through one unvarying school of low and often vile training—from the "penny-gaff," or from the "smoking concert" den where he has as "volunteer" sung, danced, contorted, or slugged, for the free entertainment of the gutter hosts of London. Many of these favorites command salaries of from £50 to £100 per week. But about all of them reach their affluence, and often respectability, out of the same original depths, and along the same vicissitous road.

The only time when dramatic actor and "pros" ever meet is at the annual Christmas plays and pantomimes. Then the "pross" is in demand at the theatres to do specialties. The lofty scorn and airy defiance between the actor and the "pros" is then something wonderful to behold.

"What's that?" is the contemptuous query of one actor to another, as a "pros" is espied in the stage wings at Christmas time waiting to do his "turn" as his act or specialty is called.

"Oh, its only a thing from the 'alls (the music-halls); his companion will as witheringly answer.

"Gor bli me!" retorts the "pros" with an airy snort at his persecutor, "hit cawnt be hits on the sta-ige; they would'nt 'ave sech bloomin' hobjects in the 'alls!"

In America there is considerable friendly commingling of actors and variety performers. This makes possible the "Rialtos" of our large cities, which are noted as haunts of all manner of stage performers, and which are the resort, at certain hours of every day, of many theatrical people. The casual passer lingers curiously within the region. Even one not accustomed to striking city phases, is at once impressed with the unusual character of the neighborhood and with the manner and dress of its frequenters.

But between the London actors and London music-hall performers the gap is impassable. The London actor is a gentleman bred and born. He has been given the best of home and school, often of university, training. He is a student; often a traveler. His culture has been persistent, sequential and unavoidable. And his excellent social status keeps him in touch with the best rather than the undesirable elements.

So, for many years, indeed for a greater part of the present century, these ostracised music-hall performers have gradually merged their business and social interests in one large and interesting resort, known by theatrical people throughout the world as "Poverty Junction." No one knows how long it has been "Poverty Junction." This it is now and will ever remain. It is outside the old city borough, and the actors are glad of it. If you were wandering in the Strand and came to a region, along by Waterloo Bridge approach, of old bookstores, your haunting of these would lead you almost to the bridge itself. Then the Thames and its picturesque scenes would bring you upon the great structure; and your vagrant fancy, playing about the sunny fields of Kent, would lead you southward to the Surrey side of London. Should it happen to be of a Monday morning about eleven o'clock, you would have scarcely passed the Surrey approach to the bridge when, at the corner of York and Waterloo roads—each a great city street—you will have come upon as curious a scene and study as may be found in any land.

In olden times this was a region of resort for the ruddy farmers of Surrey and Kent; of yards where wagons, carts and divers belongings of the farm were picturesquely bestowed before, during or after Covent Garden market hours; of rough shops which dealt in goods to the liking of the yeomanry; and of quaint old inns and public houses, where all the long day and throughout the night were the bustle and clatter of incoming and departing coaches; and where still lingers a perennial flavor of brave drinking, hearty eating and rough but unctious good cheer.

But one of these ancient inns remains. This is the York Tavern. While prim new public houses have crowded close, seeking to lessen its prestige and divert its patronage, it is still, as of old, the centre of all the busy scene. At both sides of each intersecting street, and reaching for more than a square away, are single and double rows of hansoms, dog-carts and broughams. Many of the latter have liveried coachmen and footmen. They are the equipages of rich music-hall managers, bejeweled and foxy "theatrical" agents who control the booking of all music-hall and variety engagements, and of all those favorites among performers, like Cherwin, Leno, Godfrey, Colburn, Beauchamp, Chevalier, Bessie Bonehill and Jenny Hill, whose specialties and popularity command earnings of from £40 to £150 per week.

Between these and the street facades, and quite often extending into the middle of York and Waterloo roads, will be gathered on any pleasant Monday morning from 1000 to 3000 music-hall and variety "prossers." A special detail of police is always required to keep passage-ways open to other pedestrians. Of all this strange medley of folk perhaps not more than one-half will belong to London. Among the remainder will be found every manner of variety performer and "eccentric specialist" from every land beneath the sun.

Hundreds of variety performers, good and bad, from America are here. Cowboy and pugilistic "actors" are here. Provincial talent, down at the heels but chipper, cheery and hopeful, is here seeking engagement. The Strong Man of Patagonia meanders past you, arm in arm with the Boneless Contortionist. Hindoo jugglers are engaged in raillery with the gentle Eskimo Dwarf who recently sadly hoodooed the American religious world. Algerian, Egyptian, and Persian snake-charmers, sword-swallowers, fire-eaters and barefoot glass-breakers consort with Cuban machette-throwers, wild western female dead shots, Devon record-breaking jumpers, Greek wrestlers and American negro minstrels. The renowned Signorina Splittavoce, Spaghetta Siren to the Italian court, the Climax Cloggists, the Nell Nellwoods, Delicious Delineators of Ducal Dialogues, the Slug Brothers, the Salacious Sisters, the King Knockabouts, the Miles. Paddishanki, Queens of Aspiring Heel, are all here, along with all the unnameable "human warlous" of superlatively megatherian freaks, who scale the dizzy heights of fame in the bewildering borderland of the vast amusement world.

All those of the motley throng having real business at this weekly Poverty Junction assemblage, are here for the purpose of either securing new engagements or for paying he "dramatic" agents their stipulated regular weekly commissions on current engagements. These agents, some forty in number, occupy all accessible ground apartments or fully half a square on either angle of each of the four corners of York and Waterloo roads. No "prosser" dare secure an engagement, and no manager dare engage a "prosser" without the booking is done by them. They first charge a large booking fee, and subsequently receive ten per cent. of every performer's contract money, which is sent weekly, by mail, or paid in person every Monday morning. They are held in deadly hatred, and treated with pitiable servility, by all music-hall folk. London, provincial and all foreign music-hall and other managers come here in person to secure their ever-varying attractions. A halo of awe surrounds them as the pass from one agency to another, but Billingsgate porters could not equal the lively remarks upon their persons and character that mingle with sturdy calls for "bitter" and "four ale," the moment they have disappeared from view.

Secondarily, those here on necessary business take kindly to this form of Poverty Junction weekly reunion or symposium. They are thus enabled to exchange gossip and greetings, coster oaths and choice Billingsgate; and to keep informed as to the movements of rivals, and city, provincial or foreign managers. All the others comprise a great horde of unemployed unreliables who, in Poverty Junction vernacular, are here to "wait for captains," that is, drink and any manner of pickings; a vaster horde of budding "prossers," endearingly called "Tommy Rots;" and a still greater and more pitiable number of broken down and utterly helpless old-time favorites who, and blessed be the tender humanity of the prosser at large! here secure in ungrudged alms every penny on earth that keeps them from the workhouse or a pauper's grave.

The business and social conversation of a Poverty Junction symposium is the most graceless that ever fell from the tongues of mortal men and women. The latter are here in equal numbers with the men. Both drink on equal footing at the York Tavern's first, second and third class compartments. All are relieved by their lurid denunciations of star favorites, managers and agents. They are a kindly-hearted lot, but their language is simply untellable. This, of companion prossers leaving an agent's office, is as chaste as lilies by comparison:—

"Ah, cull, H'I've made a shop (contract) in the country, an' four turns (nightly engagements at different music-halls) to open Bank 'olidays. Gawd's truth, cull. The bleedin' keaffir kneows H'I'm in demand, er ee wouldn't a give me th' shops. Go'n to th' country fur on'y fifteen quid (sovereigns). Get the town fur seven a turn. H'I cud a 'ad more, but w'at's th' bloody use a standin' on ceremonies!"

He probably was to receive five pounds per week for his provincial engagement, and perhaps eight pounds altogether for his London "turns."

"W'y didn't ye get yer wife on for a small part?" sympathetically inquires his companion.

"W'at's the bloody use? The cow aint got no bloomin' grammar in 'er!"

With a "Gor bli me, ol' chap, we'll 'ave a wet!" and a "Look sharp cere!" to the waiter, they drown their professional pride in York Tavern four ale, when the lucky prosser is off with all haste to the Registry office to get his precious contract stamped, lest the bloomin' h'agent tries to throw 'im down."

The symposium is at its height of confusion and "cheeriness" by one o'clock; but an hour later, save for the brave managers and their foxy agents still lingering over their wine in the rooms of the York Tavern, and a half score of the God-forsaken riffraff, lingering for a possible h'apenny from some belated reveler, all the region round about this London Poverty Junction is as silent as a shadowy, hawthorn-spangled English lane.

EDGAR L. WAKEMAN.

SOME OTHER COLD WINTERS.

Notes From a Weather Record Which Goes Back to 1607.

The winter of 1893 will be recorded in the meteorological history of this country as one of unusual severity, but it is by no means a record breaker in the matter of snow and ice when the statistics of former years are recalled. In an old weather record, which dates back as far as 1607, it appears that the mercury has frequently remained below the zero point for weeks at a time in this vicinity and in New Jersey. In May of that year there is mention of a severe snowstorm on Long Island. In 1641 the Chesapeake bay was nearly frozen over, and in the winter of 1764 navigation in the Delaware river was obstructed by ice from December 27th until February 28th. At Philadelphia on February 7th, 1765, an ox was roasted whole in the middle of the Schuylkill river on the solid ice, and on March 28th snow fell to a depth of two and a half feet. In 1796 the Delaware closed on December 23rd, the Susquehanna on December 6th, and on January 10th, 1797, the thermometer fell lower than the record showed for fifty years previous.

The following winter was also extremely cold. The Hudson river closed in November and the Delaware was frozen over from December 1st to February 5th. Frost is recorded for June 6th, 1799, and a snow storm on May 8th, 1803, destroyed poplars and other trees in leaf.

In 1828 the Hudson was not free from ice until late in April. The record also shows that on February 8th, 1835, the thermometer fell below zero all over the country north of Savannah and Natchez. During this same winter Long Island sound was closed on account of ice.

March was the coldest month of 1843. Snow was fifteen inches deep in Georgia, the Hudson closed in November, 1842, and was not free from ice until April, 1843. The mean temperature of the winter months of 1851 and 1852 was from three to eight degrees below the average hitherto recorded. The East river was frozen over for three days, and on January 30th teams drove across the ice to Long Island. The Susquehanna at Havre de Grace was frozen over for seven weeks, and there were heavy snows and frosts as far south as New Orleans and Jacksonville.

The coldest winter of recent years was that of 1856. The first three months of the year had an average temperature far below the normal, and in March the thermometer was frequently below zero. Long Island Sound was closed to navigation from January 25th to February 27th. New York harbor was blocked with ice floes, and that of Philadelphia was entirely closed until late in March. Navigation on the Hudson did not open until April 10th.—New York Sun.

"How to Cure all Skin Diseases."

Simply apply "SWAYNE'S OINTMENT." No internal medicine required. Cures tetter, eczema, itch, all eruptions on the face, hands, nose, &c., leaving the skin clear, white and healthy. Its great healing and curative powers are possessed by no other remedy. Ask your druggist for SWAYNE'S OINTMENT. Lyman, Sons & Co., Montreal, Wholesale Agents. tts&w

Garden tools at McLennan & McFeely's.

Pocket and table cutlery at Fox's, 87 Government street.

THREW AWAY HIS CRUTCHES

AFTER YEARS OF TERRIBLE SUFFERING.

AN INTERESTING HISTORY.

STATEMENT OF MR. WM. McNEE.

For eight years I was troubled with a sore on my leg which resulted from having it broken. The doctors kept me in bed five months trying to heal it up, but all to no purpose. I tried all sorts of salves, liniments, ointments, pills and blood medicines but with no benefit. In 1883 it became so bad that I had to sit on one chair and keep my foot on another for four months. I could not put my foot on the ground or the blood would rush out in a stream and my leg swelled to twice its natural size.

ELEVEN RUNNING SORES

developed on it which reduced me to a living skeleton (I lost 70 lbs. in four months). Friends advised me to go to the Hospital; but I would not, for I knew they would take my leg off. The doctor then wanted to split it open and scrape the bone, but I was too weak to stand the operation. One old lady said it had turned to black erysipelas and could never be cured. I had never heard of Burdock Blood Bitters then, but I read of a minister, Rev. Mr. Stout, who had been cured of a severe abscess on the neck by B.B.B., after medical aid had failed, and I thought I would try it. I washed the leg with the Bitters and took them according to directions. After using one bottle I could walk on crutches, after taking three, I threw away the crutches, took a scythe and went to work in the field. At the end of the sixth bottle my leg was entirely healed up; pieces of loose bone had worked out of it and the cords came back to their natural places again. That was nine years ago and it has never broken out since. I can walk five miles to-day as fast as anyone, and all this I owe to B. B. B., which certainly saved my leg, if not my life. I cheerfully recommend it to all sufferers. Give B. B. B. a trial, it will cure you as it did me.

Yours truly,
WM. McNEE, St. Ives P.O., Ont.

Mr. F. C. Sanderson, the druggist of St. Marys, Ont., certifies to the entire truthfulness of the remarkable statement made by Mr. McNee and says that several other wonderful cures have been made in his district.

Miss Etta Hilbert
of Lawrence, Mass.

Her Parents were in Despair

But She Was Brought Into Healthy Girlhood by

HOOD'S
Sarsaparilla

Mr. Edward Hilbert, of 183 Broadway, Lawrence, Mass., sends us the following:

"Ten years ago our child was born. Having lost six children we were naturally anxious as to the health of this one. What was our dismay and sorrow to find that she was apparently doomed to the same fate as the others. She had little strength as a baby, and did not improve as she grew older. When about 2 1-2 years old she began to have

Fainting Spells,

dropping wherever she happened to be. At these times she would turn black and appeared at the point of death. Doctors told us she was in a very bad way from

Heart Trouble

Nothing that we gave her did any good until, in utter desperation, we began giving her Hood's Sarsaparilla. She gradually began to improve, the fainting fits became less and less frequent and finally ceased entirely. Her general health improved until at the end of a year, having taken seven bottles, we stopped giving it to her. At this time she was 4 years old, and, although anxious lest the troubles might return, we ceased to worry, she seemed so well. She is now 10 years old and is as

Healthy and Rugged

a child as you will find anywhere and has never shown any indication of a return of the heart difficulty. During the past 6 years perhaps she has taken 3 bottles in all, we only giving it to her irregularly at times when she has complained of feeling tired in the spring and early summer. We feel that we owe a great deal to

Hood's Sarsaparilla

and cannot say too much in favor of it." EDWARD HILBERT, Lawrence, Mass.

Hood's Pills Cure **Liver Ills**

J. HORNER & CO.

Argyle House

Just received 2 Cases

New Corsets

THE LONGCHAMPS

The Corset of the Period. To insure a perfect fitting costume nothing is more essential than a perfect fitting Corset, and one that will readily adapt itself to the figure, imparting the long waisted, graceful appearance so desirable for the present fashion. The Longchamps Corsets possess the necessary qualities and are so comfortable that they cannot fail to be universally worn. In Grey Coutille, $150 a pair. Black, $2 a pair.

SEWELL'S RIVAL CORSET

5 Hook. Long Waisted. Black Sateen, $1.50 a pair.

The New Long Waisted

5 Hook Corset. This Corset is cu on the lines of the latest French model. $1 25 per pair.

5 Hooks Grey Coutille Corsets $1 per pair.

A Nice New Corset 75c. a pair.

J. Horner & Co.

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Pioneer Grocer and Provision Dealer

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PURE POWDERED 100%
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PUREST, STRONGEST, BEST.

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GREAT ENGLISH PRESCRIPTION

A SUCCESFUL MEDICINE OF 30 YEARS TESTING. Has cured thousands of cases of Nervous Prostration, Weakness of Brain, Poor Memory, Dizziness and all diseases caused by ignorance in youth. Six boxes are guaranteed to cure when all other medicines fail. One box $1.00; six boxes, $5.00. Manufactured by EUREKA CHEMICAL Co. Detroit, Mich. Sold and sent anywhere by mail by LANGLEY & CO. Victoria B.C. june10-1y

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Prescription of a physician who has had a life long experience in treating female diseases. Is used monthly with perfect success by over 10,000 ladies. Pleasant, safe, effectual. Ladies ask your druggist for Pennyroyal Wafers and take no substitute, or inclose postage for sealed particulars. Sold by all druggists, $1 per box. Address THE EUREKA CHEMICAL CO., DETROIT, MICH.

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CURE YOURSELF!

Ask your Druggist for a bottle of Big G. The only non-poisonous remedy for all the unnatural discharges and private diseases of men and the debilitating weakness peculiar to women. It cures in a few days without the aid or publicity of a doctor.

The Universal American Cure.

Manufactured by
The Evans Chemical Co.
CINCINNATI, O.
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PRICE $1.00

KEEPS YOU IN HEALTH.

DUNN'S FRUIT SALINE

DELIGHTFULLY REFRESHING.

A safeguard against infectious diseases. Sold by chemists throughout the world. W.G. DUNN & CO. Works—Croydon, England.

LANGLEY & CO., Victoria,
-6mood Agents for B.C.

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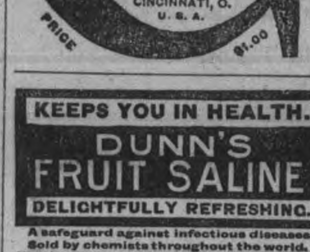
New Telegraph Hotel.

Accommodation for 100 guests. This hotel is a three-story brick, with basement; has electric light and gas, and all the modern conveniences, and commands a fine view of the harbor. Terms, from $1 to $2 per day.

Dd&w JOHNATHAN MERRIFIELD.

JOHN MESTON



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BLACKSMITH, ETC.

Broad street, between Johnson and Pandora streets

VICTORIA, B. C.

CITY POUND.

In City Pound ONE BAY HORSE, white streak on nose. Will be sold at City Pound by auction, at 12 o'clock noon, April 8th, if not redeemed and pound charges paid on or before that date.

March, 25th.
ANDREW SHAW,
Pound Keeper.

VICTORIA OPTICAL CO.,

The Leading Opticians. 100 Government St.

Perfected Spectacles and Eye-glasses on hand and carefully adjusted. Satisfaction guaranteed. Optical goods of every description. Repairing in all branches done with neatness and despatch. No fancy prices.

A. HYAMS - Manager

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that having sold my business to the Saywa Mill and Lumber Co., Limited, I take this opportunity of thanking my friends and patrons for past favors and ask that the same be extended to the new firm.

Persons having claims against me are requested to present the same, and all persons indebted to me are requested to pay such indebtedness at my office, 16 Trounce Avenue.

oc23-tf
W. P. SAYWARD.

SNOWFLAKE
FLOUR

—::— FOR FAMILY USE, —::—

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Ask your Grocer for it. Have no Other

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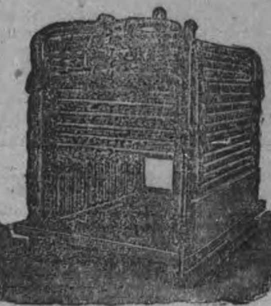

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Also Triple Expansion and Compound Marine Engines for Yachts and other Steamers. Large Marine Boilers a specialty.

DOTY ENGINE WORKS CO.

MANUFACTURERS,

TORONTO, - ONTARIO.

A BY-LAW

To Regulate the Numbering of Hawkers and Pedlers.

Whereas by sub-section 61 of section 104 of the Municipal Act, 1892, the Council is empowered to make, alter and repeal by-laws inter alia to regulate the numbering of hawkers and pedlers,

Therefore the Municipal Council of the Corporation of the City of Victoria enacts as follows:

Sec. 1. Every hawker or pedler licensed under the Revenue By-Law, 1889, shall at the time of the issue of his license receive from the collector a plate bearing a number which shall be affixed on a prominent place on the outside of his wagon, cart or other vehicle or basket or other receptacle for carrying or conveying his goods, wares, or merchandise and said plate shall remain thereon during the period for which the license is granted or in case more than one basket or other receptacle is carried by the licensee then the plate shall be attached to one of such baskets or other receptacle, and such plate shall be returned to the collecor at th expiration of the term of the license and may be reissued by him.

Sec. 2. Any person convicted of a breach of this by-law shall forfeit and pay at the discretion of the convicting magistrate a penalty not exceeding the sum of fifty dollars, for each offence exclusive of costs and in default of payment of the said penalty and costs forthwith the said penalty and costs or costs only may be levied by distress and sale of the goods and chattels of the offender and in case of there being no distress found out of which such penalty can be levied the convicting magistrate may commit the offender to the common jail of the city of Victoria with or without hard labor for any period not exceeding one calendar month unless the said and penalty costs be sooner paid.

Sec. 3. This By-Law may be cited as "The Hawker and Pedler Numbering By-Law, 1893.'

Passed the Municipal Council the 27th day of January, 1893.

Reconsidered, adopted and finally passed by the Council the 1st February, 1893.

ROBERT BEAVEN,
Mayor.
WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
C. M. C.

NOTICE.

The above is a true copy of the by-law passed by the Municipal Council of the City of Victoria on the 1st day of February, A.D. 1893, and all persons are hereby required to take notice that anyone desirous of applying to have such by-law or any part thereof quashed must make his application for that purpose to the Supreme Court within one month next after the publication of this by-law in the British Columbia Gazette, or he will be too late to be heard in that behalf.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
M.C.

Maternity Home

(LATE SAMARITAN)

No. 11 Rae Street.

Applications to be made at the Home or to MRS. D. W. HIGGINS Cadboro Bay Road.

AT THE TABERNACLE.

DR. TALMAGE TELLS OF THE GLORIES OF THE RESURRECTION.

The Earth and the Sea Shall Give Up Their Dead, and the Reunions Will Be Such as No Imagination Can Picture—The Glorified Body.

BROOKLYN, April 2.—The Tabernacle was elaborately decorated with flowers to-day, and an unusually large audience assembled to hear Rev. Dr. Talmage's Easter morning sermon. The subject was, "The Sleepers Awakened," the text chosen being from I Corinthians xv, 20, "Now is Christ risen from the dead and become the first fruits of them that slept."

On this glorious Easter morning, amid the music and the flowers, I give you Christian salutation. This morning Russian meeting Russian on the streets of St. Petersburg hails him with the salutation "Christ is risen!" and is answered by his friend in salutation, "He is risen indeed!" In some parts of England and Ireland to this very day there is the superstition that on Easter morning the sun dances in the heavens, and well may we forgive such a superstition, which illustrates the fact that the natural world seems to sympathize with the spiritual.

Hail, Easter morning! Flowers! Flowers! All of them a-voice, all of them a-tongue, all of them full of speech to-day. I bend over one of the lilies, and I hear it say, "Consider the lilies of the field, how they grow; they toil not, neither do they spin, yet Solomon in all his glory was not arrayed like one of these." I bend over a rose, and it seems to whisper, "I am the rose of Sharon." And then I stand and listen. From all sides there comes the chorus of flowers, saying, "If God so clothed the grass of the field, which to-day is and to-morrow is cast into the oven, shall he not much more clothe you, O ye of little faith?"

Flowers! Flowers! Braid them into the bride's hair. Flowers! Flowers! Strew them over the graves of the dead—sweet prophecy of the resurrection. Flowers! Flowers! Twist them into a garland for my Lord Jesus on Easter morning. "Glory be to the Father, and to the Son, and to the Holy Ghost; as it was in the beginning, is now and ever shall be."

THE BLOOM OF EASTER.

Oh, how bright and how beautiful the flowers, and how much they make me think of Christ and his religion, that brightens our life, brightens our character, brightens society, brightens the church, btightens everything! You who go with gloomy countenance pretending you are better than I am because of your lugubriousness, you cannot cheat me. Pretty case you are for a man that professes to be more than a conqueror. It is not religion that makes you gloomy; it is the lack of it. There is just as much religion in a wedding as in a burial; just as much religion in a smile as in a tear.

Those gloomy Christians we sometimes see are the people to whom I like to lend money, for I never see them again! The women came to the Saviour's tomb and they dropped spices all around the tomb, and those spices were the seed that began to grow, and from them came all the flowers of this Easter morn. The two angels robed in white took hold of the stone at the Saviour's tomb, and they hurled it with such force down the hill that it crushed in the door of the world's sepulcher, and the stark and the dead must come forth.

I care not how labyrinthine the mausoleum or how costly the sarcophagus or however beautifully parterred the family grounds, we want them all broken up by the Lord of the resurrection. They must come out. Father and mother—they must come out. Husband and wife—they must come out. Brother and sister—they must come out. Our darling children—they must come out. The eyes that we close with such trembling fingers must open again in the radiance of that morn. The arms we tolded in dust must join ours in an embrace of reunion. The voice that was hushed in our dwelling must be returned. Oh, how long some of you seem to be waiting—waiting for the resurrection, waiting! And for these broken hearts to-day I make a soft, cool bandage out of Easter flowers.

My friends, I find in the risen Christ a prophecy of our own resurrection, my text setting forth the idea that as Christ has risen so his people will rise. He the first sheaf of the resurrection harvest. He "the first fruits of them that slept." Before I get through this morning I will walk through all the cemeteries of the dead, through all the country graveyards, where your loved ones are buried, and I will pluck off these flowers, and I will drop a sweet promise of the gospel—a rose of hope, a lily of joy on every tomb—the child's tomb, the husband's tomb, the wife's tomb, the father's grave, the mother's grave, and while we celebrate the resurrection of Christ we will at the same time celebrate the resurrection of all the good. "Christ the first fruits of them that slept."

THE GREAT CONQUEROR.

If I should come to you this morning and ask you for the names of the great conquerors of the world, you would say Alexander, Cæsar, Philip, Napoleon I. Ah, my friends, you have forgotten to mention the name of a greater conqueror than all these—a cruel, a ghastly conqueror. He rode on a black horse across Waterloo and Atlanta and Chalons, the bloody hoofs crushing the hearts of nations. It is the conqueror Death.

He carries a black flag, and he takes no prisoners. He digs a trench across the hemispheres and fills it with the carcasses of nations. Fifty times would the world have been depopulated had not God kept making new generations. Fifty times the world would have swung lifeless through the air—no man on the mountain, no man on the sea, an abandoned ship plowing through immensity.

Again and again has he done this work with all generations. He is a monarch as well as a conqueror; his palace a sepulcher; his fountains the falling tears of a world. Blessed be God, in the light of this Easter morning I see the prophecy that his scepter shall be broken and his palace shall be demolished. The hour is coming when all who are in their graves shall come forth. Christ risen, we shall rise. Jesus "the first fruits of them that slept." Now, around this doctrine of the resurrection there are a great many mysteries.

You come to me this morning and say, "If the bodies of the dead are to be raised, how is this, and how is that?" And you ask me a thousand questions I am incompetent to answer, but there are a great many things you believe that you are not able to explain. You would be a very foolish man to say, "I won't believe anything I can't understand."

THE MYSTERIES OF NATURE.

Why, putting down one kind of flower seed, comes there up this flower of this color? Why, putting down another flower seed, comes there up a flower of this color? One flower white, another flower yellow, another flower crimson. Why the difference, when the seeds look to be very much alike—are very much alike? Explain these things. Explain that wart on the finger. Explain why the oak leaf is different from the leaf of the hickory. Tell me how the Lord Almighty can turn the chariot of his omnipotence on a rose leaf? You ask me questions about the resurrection I cannot answer. I will ask you a thousand questions about everyday life you cannot answer.

I find my strength in this passage, "All who are in their graves shall come forth." I do not pretend to make the explanation. You can go on and say: "Suppose a returned missionary dies in Brooklyn; when he was in China, his foot was amputated; he lived years after in England, and there he had an arm amputated; he is buried to-day in Greenwood. In the resurrection will the foot come from China, will the arm come from England, and will the different parts of the body be reconstructed in the resurrection? How is that possible?"

You say that "the human body changes every seven years, and by 70 years of age a man has had 10 bodies. In the resurrection which will come up?" You say: "A man will die and his body crumble into the dust, and that dust be taken up into the life of the vegetable. An animal may eat the vegetable; men eat the animal. In the resurrection, that body distributed in so many directions, how shall it be gathered up?" Have you any more questions of this style to ask? Come on and ask them. I do not pretend to answer them. I fall back upon the announcement of God's word, "All who are in their graves shall come forth."

You have noticed, I suppose, in reading the story of the resurrection that almost every account of the Bible gives the idea that the characteristic of that day will be a great sound. I do not know that it will be very loud, but I know it will be very penetrating. In the mausoleum where silence has reigned a thousand years that voice must penetrate. In the coral cave of the deep that voice must penetrate. Millions of spirits will come through the gates of eternity, and they will come to the tombs of the earth, and they will cry, "Give us back our bodies; we gave them to you in corruption, surrender them now in incorruption." Hundreds of spirits hovering about the crags of Gettysburg, for there the bodies are buried. A hundred thousand spirits coming to Greenwood, for there the bodies are buried, waiting for the reunion of body and soul.

THE SEA TO GIVE UP ITS DEAD.

All along the sea route from New York to Liverpool at every few miles where a steamer went down, departed spirits coming back, hovering over the wave. There is where the City of Boston perished. Found at last. There is where the President perished. Steamer found at last. There is where the Central America went down. Spirits hovering—hundreds of spirits hovering, waiting for the reunion of body and soul. Out on the prairie a spirit alights. There is where a traveler died in the snow. Crash! goes Westminster abbey, and the poets and orators come forth—wonderful mingling of good and bad. Crash! go the pyramids of Egypt, and the monarchs come forth.

Who can sketch the scene? I suppose that one moment before that general rising there will be an entire silence, save as you hear the grinding of a wheel or a clatter of the hoofs of a procession passing into the cemetery. Silence in all the caves of the earth. Silence on the side of the mountain. Silence down in the valleys and far out into the sea. Silence.

But in a moment, in a twinkling of an eye, as the archangel's trumpet comes pealing, rolling, crashing, across mountain and ocean, the earth will give one terrific shudder, and the graves of the dead will heave like the waves of the sea, and Ostend and Sebastopol and Chalons will stalk forth in the lurid air, and the drowned will come up and wring out their wet locks above the billow, and all the land and all the sea become one moving mass of life—all faces, all ages, all conditions gazing in one direction and upon one throne—the throne of resurrection. "All who are in their graves shall come forth."

"But," you say, "if this doctrine of the resurrection is true as prefigured by this Easter morning, Christ 'the first fruits of them that slept,' Christ rising a promise and a prophecy of the rising of all his people, can you tell us something about the resurrected body?" I can. There are mysteries about that, but I shall tell you three or four things in regard to the resurrected body that are beyond guessing and beyond mistake.

THE GLORIFIED BODY.

In the first place, I remark, in regard to your resurrected body, it will be a glorious body. The body we have now is a mere skeleton of what it would have been if sin had not marred and defaced it. Take the most exquisite statue that was ever made by an artist and chip it here and chip it there with a chisel and batter and bruise it here and there and then stand it out in the storms of a hundred years, and the beauty would be gone.

Well, the human body has been chipped and battered and bruised and damaged with the storms of thousands of years—the physical defects of other generations coming down from generation to generation, we inheriting the infelicities of past generations, but in the morning of the resurrection the body will be adorned and beautified according to the original model. And there is no such difference between a gymnast and an emaciated wretch in a lazaretto as there will be a difference between our bodies as they are now and our resurrected forms.

There you will see the perfect eye after the waters of death have washed out the stains of tears and study. There you will see the perfect hand, after the knots of toil have been untied from the knuckles. There you will see the form erect and elastic, after the burdens have gone off the shoulder—the very life of God in the body.

In this world the most impressive thing, the most expressive thing is the human face, but that face is veiled with the griefs of a thousand years, but in the resurrection morn that veil will be taken away from the face, and the noonday sun is dull and dim and stupid compared with the outflaming glories of the countenance of the saved. When those faces of the righteous, those resurrected faces, turn toward the gate or look up toward the throne, it will be like the dawning of a new morning on the bosom of everlasting day! Oh, glorious, resurrected body!

But I remark also, in regard to that body which you are to get in the resurrection, it will be an immortal body. These bodies are wasting away. Somebody has said as soon as we begin to live we begin to die. Unless we keep putting the fuel into the furnace the furnace dies out. The blood vessels are canals taking the breadstuffs to all parts of the system. We must be reconstructed hour by hour, day by day. Sickness and death are all the time trying to get their prey under the tenement, or to push us off the embankment of the grave.

But blessed be God, in the resurrection we will get a body immortal.

No malaria in the air, no cough, no neuralgic twinge, no rheumatic pang, no fluttering of the heart, no shortness of breath, no ambulance, no dispensary, no hospital, no invalid's chair, no spectacles to improve the dim vision. But health, immortal health! O ye who have aches and pains indescribable this morning—O ye who are never well—O ye who are lacerated with physical distresses, let me tell you of the resurrected body, free from all disease. Immortal! Immortal!

THE STRENGTH OF THE IMMORTALS.

I will go further and say, in regard to that body which you are to get in the resurrection, it will be a powerful body. We walk now eight or ten miles, and we are fatigued; we lift a few hundred pounds, and we are exhausted; unarmed, we meet a wild beast, and we must run or fly or climb or dodge because we are incompetent to meet it; we toil eight or ten hours vigorously, and then we are weary, but in the resurrection we have a body that never gets tired. Is it not a glorious thought?

Plenty of occupation in heaven. I suppose Broadway, New York, in the busiest season of the year at noonday is not so busy as heaven is all the time. Grand projects of mercy for other worlds. Victories to be celebrated. The downfall of despotisms on earth to be announced. Great songs to be learned and sung. Great expeditions on which God shall send forth his children. Plenty to do, but no fatigue. If you are seated under the trees of life, it will not be to rest, but to talk over with some old comrade old times—the battles where you fought shoulder to shoulder.

Sometimes in this world we feel we would like to have such a body as that. There is so much work to be done for Christ, there are so many tears to be wiped away, there are so many burdens to lift, there is so much to be achieved for Christ, we sometimes wish that from the first of January to the last of December we could toil on without stopping to sleep, or take any recreation, or to rest, or even to take food—that we could toil right on without stopping a moment in our work of commending Christ and heaven to all the people. But we all get tired.

It is characteristic of the human body in this condition, we must get tired. Is it not a glorious thought that after awhile we are going to have a body that will never get weary? Oh, glorious resurrection day! Gladly will I fling aside this poor body of sin and fling it into the tomb if at thy bidding I shall have a body that never wearies. That was a splendid resurrection hymn that was sung at my father's burial:

So Jesus slept; God's dying son
Passed through the grave and blessed the bed.
Rest here, blessed saint, till from his throne
The morning breaks to pierce the shade.

A HAPPY THOUGHT.

Oh, blessed resurrection! Speak out, sweet flowers, beautiful flowers, while you tell of a risen Christ and tell of the righteous who shall rise. May God fill you this morning with anticipation!

I heard of a father and son who among others were shipwrecked at sea. The father and the son climbed into the rigging. The father held on, but the son after awhile lost his hold in the rigging and was dashed down. The father supposed he had gone hoplessly under the wave. The next day the father was brought ashore from the rigging in an exhausted state and laid in a bed in a fisherman's hut, and after many hours had passed he came to consciousness and saw lying beside him on the same bed his boy.

O my friends, what a glorious thing it will be when we wake up at last to find our loved ones beside us! Coming up from the same plot in the graveyard, coming up in the same morning light—the father and son alive forever, all the loved ones alive forever, never more to weep, never more to part, never more to die.

May the God of peace, that brought again from the dead our Lord Jesus, that great Shepherd of the sheep, through the blood of the everlasting covenant make you perfect in every good work, to do His will. And let this brilliant scene of the morning transport our thoughts to the grander assemblage before the throne. This august assemblage is nothing compared with it. The one hundred and forty and four thousand, and the "great multitude that no man can number," some of our best friends among them, we after awhile to join the multitude. Blessed anticipation!

"Canada for the Canadians."

"Canada for the Canadians." That is a good cry! You can build up good citizens, good ships and railways, and great commercial prosperity upon that cry.

Some people think if a thing only comes to them from a great distance it must be better than the same thing at home. Distance fosters illusions. The truth that a prophet hath no honor in his own country still has application. Berlin, or London, or Paris, sounds so much grander than Montreal. So some people think! Not sensible people! Foolish people who think that big names make the thing better and lend dignity to their position.

Common sense will have ultimate triumph.

Common sense has achieved a signal victory in one particular.

Ladies' Wraps were always expensive. They have always been imported. The duty and the glamor of distance, and the imposing sound of big cities, gave them a high price and great vogue.

Why not make Ladies' Wraps here in Canada?

That thought occurred to the proprietors of MELISSA. They should perhaps, have been seized with it earlier, for their success with the Men's Coats had been immediate and great. Would the loyal women of Canada not buy an article which was a necessity with them, made right at their doors, if that article was a good deal better than the article which came from a long distance?

It was an experiment, but from the moment the skilled artists which the manufacturers of MELISSA employed got to work, and showed specimens of their craft, success was assured.

So then, ladies, in every city and town and village of the Dominion, you can buy wraps for yourselves and children, more tasteful, more truly artistic in finish, more stylish and fastidious in outline than any that have been imported.

There was a need for the MELISSA in Ladies' Wraps. They had to put up with unsightly rubber garments, much to their discomfort, but they have now perfect fit, with infinite variety of shade and grace, and, not least, absolute protection from the rain, in garments which it will be a pride to wear, and at prices which put them within easy reach.

Here is a new departure, a patriotic enterprise worthy of support for the sake of that national solidarity which the politicians talk about, but chiefly worthy because of its intrinsic merit.

Travellers will soon be on the road with Fall samples.

Designs, patterns and every other information furnished on application.

Special attention given to letter orders.

THE MELISSA MANUFACTURING CO,
MONTREAL.

J. W. MACKEDIE & CO.,
MONTREAL,
Wholesale Agents for the Dominion.

ap8-11-15-18

DULUTH

THE DIVISIONAL TERMINUS OF THE CANADA WESTERN RAILWAY, AT DUNCAN'S BAY, VANCOUVER ISLAND.

Duluth has been officially announced to be the Terminus as above.

The first call of $100,000 on the Railway Stock has been fully paid up

The Lots owned by the Railway Company in Duluth are not for sale.

PRICES OF LOTS range from $75 to $750.

TERMS---One-third Cash, one-third in six months, one-third in twelve months
Interest on deferred payments.

For particulars apply to

F. C. RICHARDS, Jr., No. 51 Yates St.

Weiler Bros.

NEW GOODS.

Bamboo Furniture Novelties.
Linoleums and Oilcloths. All qualities. 90 pieces just arrived
Art Silks. Plain and figured.
Curtain and Drapery Goods in great variety.
Large additions to our Carpet Stock.
Window Shades and Curtain Poles in great variety. All latest styles.
Largest Stock of Furniture, Crockery, Glassware and House Furnishing Goods in the Province.

LADIES COME AND SEE OUR NEW GOODS. YOU WILL BE DELIGHTED.

Showrooms: 51 to 55 Fort Street.

I. X. L. COMPOUND

To Fruit Growers and Gardeners

Now is the time to spray your trees and destroy insect pests and have healthy fruit trees next season, by using

I. X. L. COMPOUND,

The cheapest and most effective Insecticide and Fungicide yet produced. For Sale by

NICHOLLES & RENOUF, VICTORIA, B. C.

We shall be pleased to give full explanation as to its use.
A full line of Spraying Outfits and Pruning Tools on hand.

Provincial Royal Jubilee Hospital:

Notice is hereby given that the "Dupont" Hospital Ambulance is now ready for service in cases of accidents, and can be obtained at the Victoria Transfer Stables.

The use of the ambulance for all cases other than accidents can only be obtained on the order of one of the Consulting or Visiting Physicians of the Hospital.

The names of the said Physicians can be had on application at the Victoria Transfer Stables.

H. M. YATES,
Secretary

A BY-LAW

WHEREAS it is expedient to raise a sum of money to provide for the construction of certain main surface drains in the city of Victoria as follows:

Work Estate,

View street and branches,

Spring Ridge and Fernwood road,

Cook street and branches,

Michigan and Superior streets,

Oswego street,

Menzies street,

North and South Pandora streets,

Victoria West,

And other necessary drains not specified.

AND WHEREAS the estimated cost of such works is $125,000.

AND WHEREAS for the purpose aforesaid it is intended to raise by way of loan upon the credit of the city the sum of $125,000.

AND WHEREAS it will require the sum of $8,125 to be raised annually by special rate for the payment of the said debt and interest hereinafter mentioned.

AND WHEREAS the amount of the whole rateable property of the corporation of the city of Victoria according to the last revised assessment roll, being for the year 1892, was $18,740,125.

AND WHEREAS it will require an annual special rate of four-fifths of one mill in the dollar for the payment of the interest and for creating an equal yearly sinking fund for paying the principal of the said new debt according to the Municipal Act, 1892.

AND WHEREAS it is intended to reduce the general rate so that the said special rate shall not increase the total rate of taxation.

Be it therefore enacted by the Council of the Corporation of the City of Victoria as follows:

Sec. 1. It shall be lawful for the Mayor of the Corporation of the City of Victoria to borrow upon the credit of the said Corporation by way of debentures hereinafter mentioned, from any person or persons or body or bodies corporate who may be willing to advance the same as a loan, a sum of money not exceeding in the whole the sum of $125,000 00 currency, and to cause all such sums so raised or received to be paid into the hands of the treasurer of the said corporation for the purpose and with the object hereinbefore recited.

Sec. 2. It shall be lawful for the said Mayor to cause any number of debentures to be made for such sums as may be required, not exceeding, however, the sum of $125,000 00 in currency, each of the said debentures being of the amount of $1,000, and all such debentures shall be sealed with the seal of the said corporation and signed by the Mayor thereof.

Sec. 3. The said debentures shall be made payable in fifty years from the date hereinafter mentioned for this by-law to take effect, at the office of the treasurer of the said corporation, in the City Hall, Victoria, and shall have attached to them coupons for the payment of interest, and the signature of the Mayor and of the Clerk of the Corporation respectively to the coupons may be affixed by printed, stamped or lithographed fac simile.

Sec. 4. The said debentures shall bear interest at the rate of 4 1-2 per cent. per annum from the date thereof, which interest shall be payable half yearly at the office of the said treasurer.

Sec. 5. For the purpose of forming a sinking fund for the payment of the said debentures and the interest to become due thereon an equal special rate of four-fifths of one mill in the dollar shall in addition to all other rates be levied and collected in each year upon all rateable property within the city of Victoria during the continuance of the said debentures or any of them.

Sec. 6. In case of any conflict, inconsistency or repugnancy between the provisions of this by-law and any of the provisions of the Local Improvement By-law, 1892, as amended by By-law No. 178, entitled, "A By-law to amend the Local Improvement By-law, 1892," the provisions of this by-law shall prevail and override any of the provisions of such Local Improvement By-law to the extent of any such conflict, inconsistency or repugnancy, but this by-law shall not be deemed to in any wise repeal, alter or amend such Local Improvement By-law and amendment, except in so far as this by-law is concerned, and then so far only as is necessary to give full force and effect to this by-law.

Sec. 7. This by-law shall before the passage thereof receive the assent of the electors of the said corporation in a manner provided for by the Municipal Act, 1892, or any amendment thereto, and shall take effect on the first day of May, 1893.

Sec. 8. This by-law may be cited as "The Surface Drains By-law, 1893."

Passed the Municipal Council this 27th day of March, 1893.

Re-considered, adopted and finally passed the Council on the day of , 1893.

TAKE NOTICE

That the above is a true copy of the proposed by-law upon which the vote of the Electors will be taken at Burnes' building, Bastion Square, for the Central Ward; at the City Hall, Pandora street, for the North Ward, and at a building situated on the east side of Government street, between Broughton and Courtney streets, and known as No. 27, for the South Ward, in the City of Victoria, on Tuesday, the eighteenth day of April instant, and that the poll will be kept open between the hours of eight o'clock a. m. and four p. m.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
C.M.C.

City Clerk's Office,
Victoria, B.C., April 1st, 1893.

SITUATIONS VACANT.

Advertisements under this head will be inserted at the rate of one cent a word each insertion. Payment always in advance. No advertisement received for less than twenty-five cents.

WANTED—A good, smart and reliable boy for a store. Address P.O. drawer I. ap6-3t

WANTED—A girl or middle aged woman, to do cooking in a small family. No children. Apply 178 Yates St. ap4 tf

WANTED—A live, active, young man to canvass for life insurance. Address "Life," Times office. ap3-1w

WANTED—Pushing Canvasser of good address. Liberal salary and expenses paid weekly; Permanent position. BROWN BROS. CO., Nurserymen, Portland, Oregon, mar25-m s & wk-3m

LADY wishes a child to take care of. Charges moderate. Address Mrs. N., Times office. m16-1m

WANTED—A partner with $2000 for the liquor business. Address "Business," TIMES office m13 tf

MISCELLANEOUS WANTS.

Advertisements under this head will be inserted at the rate of one cent a word each insertion. Payment always in advance. No advertisement received for less than twenty-five cents.

WANTED—Now, 100 glass or stone quart ink bottles, and 500 small round ones. Apply 60 Pandora St., after 4 p.m., daily. Prof. Tottenham. ap6-6t

A MARRIED MAN urgently wants employment in office, or as canvasser or in any capacity whatever. Capable of undertaking any duties. Several years in Victoria. R., Times office. mar28-tf

WANTED—Insurance upon merchants, stocks, household goods, dwellings and stores by the Alliance Assurance Co. (capital $24,000,000). Dalby & Claxton, agents. fe23-tf

WANTED—ONE THOUSAND lives to insure in the Great Western Life Assurance Co. Dalby & Claxton, agents. fe23-tf

MONEY TO LOAN.

TO LOAN—Money in large or small sums upon first mortgage by the "Yorkshire Guarantee and Securities Corporation. Dalby & Claxton, agents. fe23-tf

LOST OR FOUND.

LOST—Strayed from the corner of Yates St. and Fernwood R'd, a brindle St. Bernard puppy dog, about 4 months old, answering to the name of "Prince." Finder will oblige by returning same to Thomas Hooper, cor. of Yates St. and Fernwood Road. ap3-tf

FOR SALE.

Advertisements under this head will be inserted at the rate of a cent a word each insertion. Payment always in advance. No advertisement received for less than twenty-five cents.

FARM FOR SALE CHEAP—188 acres land, 100 acres fenced, 50 acres improved, 12 acres cleared. Houses, orchard, etc. River frontage. Good fishing and hunting. 3½ miles from E. & N. R. station, Cowichan. Easy terms. Apply D. Stewart, McPherson's Station, B.C. ap6-sw1m

RESTAURANT FOR SALE—First-class, doing a good business. Terms easy. Address A. M., this office. ap7-1w

FOR SALE CHEAP—A lot of fine fresh calved milch cows. Guaranteed gentle. Apply to W. J. McKeon, jr., Oriental Hotel. ap6-1w

TO BARBERS—A bargain. One rotary hair brushing machine, complete with 23 brushes. Price, $100. For further particulars apply 178 Johnson St. ap3 6t

FOR SALE—Banner Oats, for seed. Apply to J. H. Wilson Brown, South Saanich, or Munroe Miller, 77 Johnson St. ap3-tf

FOR SALE—200 acres at Toquart. Apply to H. F. Heisterman & Co. mar25-1m

FOR SALE—Cheap, one horse, harness and light express wagon. Apply to the Victoria Transfer Company, Broughton St. m34-tf

FOR SALE—First class cushion tyred safety bicycle, almost new, price $75; also pony cart, built last fall, suitable for small sized pony. Price $80. Apply to Wm. Christie, C. P. R. Telegraph office. m20-tf

FOR SALE—A good spring wagon with horse and harness complete for $140. Apply to Geo. Phillips, 146 Government St. f28-tf

FOR SALE—166 acres of the West Saanich Road, 11 miles from Victoria, ½ mile from Saanich Arm. 50 acres good bottom land, easily cleared. A splendid sheep farm. Good hunting and fishing. A small lake on property. Price $1,600. For particulars apply P. O. Box 104, Union, B.C. fe24-tf

FOR SALE—Ten acres of very fine land, suitable for chicken or small fruit ranch, all cleared, well drained and under cultivation, six miles from city, on Saanich road. Apply to Dalby & Claxton. fe23-tf

FOR SALE—Ten roomed house, new, two minutes from Oak Bay avenue tram line, will be sold for $1000 less than would have been taken a year ago. Apply to Dalby & Claxton. fe23-tf

FOR SALE—One half interest in a good milk business, with 28 cows and 7 horses, also 20 fine young heifers, and all kinds of farming implements, with a good run of customers; also 75 pigs, old and young, also one farm of 172 acres. For further particulars apply to James N. Algar, Nanaimo, B. C., Cranberry Distric n11-tf-d-w

TO LET.

Advertisements under this head will be inserted at the rate of one cent a word each insertion. Payment always in advance. No advertisement received for less than twenty-five cents.

TO LET—A well furnished front room, 144 Menzies St. ap6-3t

FIRST-CLASS ACCOMMODATION for light house-keeping at Miss McCandlish's, 63 Superior St., James Bay. ap3 tf

TO LET—Suite of rooms for housekeeping to a respectable couple. Stove and water. Mrs. Wharton, 15 Caledonia Ave. m28-1m

TO LET—Story and a half cottage, South Turner St. Five rooms and bath, garden, etc. Apply Skene Lowe, 45 Carr St. mar22-tf

TO LET—A seven roomed dwelling, centrally located. Bath, hot and cold water, and all modern conveniences. Apply Morrow, Holland & Co., 44 Broad Street. mar7-tf

TO LET.—Twenty acres of fine "market garden" land, three miles from city. Apply to Dalby & Claxton. fe23-tf

PHYSICIANS.

H. D. LEITCH, M. D., Physician and Surgeon. Office—Driard Block, Victoria, B.C.; Telephone 420. Residence—129 Quadra Street, near North Park Street; Telephone 181. Specialty—Diseases of Women and Diseases of Rectum. fe15-tf

DRS. HALL & MACKECHNIE.
Ernest Hall, M.D., L.R.C.P., Edinburgh, Moorefields Eye Hospital; late assistant in Central Throat and Ear Hospital, London.
S. N. MacKechnie, M.B., Toronto University. Specialties—Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat. Glasses adjusted to imperfect Vision. Artificial eyes supplied.
Office, Jewel Block, cor. Yates and Douglas Sts., Victoria.

MRS. McGREGOR,
MIDWIFE.
137 Cormorant Street.

MRS. R. STEVENSON,
Certificated Midwife.
22 years' practice at Queen Charlotte's Hospital, London, Eng. Address: 71½ Fort St. mar20-1m

PROF. TOTTENHAM,
Rheumatism and Neuralgia Specialist, (Late of the Dominion Hotel) will in future receive patients at the residence of Mr. Hillyer, 56 Pandora Street. fe2-eodtf

ARCHITECTS

THOMAS HOOPER
ARCHITECT.
Office over SPENCER'S ARCADE, Government street. jy5-tf

JNO. TEAGUE,
ARCHITECT.
Has removed to new offices corner of Broad street and Trounce avenue. fe20tf

VETERINARY.

S. F. TOLMIE,
VETERINARY SURGEON,
Graduate Ont. Vet. Col., Member Ont. Vet. Med. Soc. (Late with Dr. John Wende, V. S., Buffalo, N. Y.) Office at Bray's Livery 109 Johnson Street. Telephone 182; residence telephone 417. VICTORIA, B. C.

MUSICAL.

MR. ROBERT GEDDES
TEACHER OF GUITAR AND BANJO
Classes or private lessons. Apply at the Conservatory of Music, 97 Quadra street.

BANJO AND GUITAR INSTRUCTIONS—By Chicago's popular banjo player and guitarist, PROF. T. W. REAMER. Rare chance for beginners and advanced pupils. Room 73, Five Sisters Block. (Take elevator). m10 1m

GEO. W. FUGGLE,
PIANOFORTE MAKER AND TUNER.
Three years with Goodwin & Co. Orders left at factory, 76 Princess avenue; also at Jamieson's book store, next postoffice. Violins Mandolins and Guitars repaired. P. O Box 22.

SOCIETIES.

B. C. ST. GEORGE'S SOCIETY.
Meetings are held at 7.30 p.m., on the first Friday in every month, at the Pioneer Hall, Broad Street. The aims of the Society are the bringing together of Englishmen for their mutual benefit and the maintenance of the British Connection. JNO. J. AUSTIN, Secretary. ja13

SONS OF ERIN
Meet in Pioneer Hall, Broad St., on second Wednesday in each month, at 8 p. m. All Irishmen are invited to join.
RICHARD ACKLAND, Hon. Sec'y.

SONS OF ENGLAND BENEVOLENT SOC'Y
Pride of the Island No. 131 meets second and fourth Tuesdays at 7:45 p.m., in St. George's Hall, Government and Bastion Sts. Visiting brethren cordially invited. ARTHUR LEE, P.O. Box 782. au19yr Secretary.

B. C. PIONEER SOCIETY.
The Hall of the above society in Musgrave Block, Broad street, is open daily from 10 a.m. to 4 p.m., for the convenience of Pioneers and their friends, who are cordially invited to visit the rooms.

ANCIENT ORDER FORESTERS
Court Vancouver No. 5755, A.O.F., meets 1st and 3rd Mondays in each month in Foresters' Hall, Government street. Visiting brothers are invited.
fe13 SIDNEY WILSON, Sec.

VICTORIA-COLUMBIA LODGE,
No. 1, A. F. & A.M., B.C.R. Regular communications the first Thursday in each month, at Masonic Temple, corner of Douglas and Fisgard streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited.
ja16 C. DUBOIS MASON, Secretary.

VANCOUVER & QUADRA LODGE
No. 2, A. F. & A. M., B.C.R. Regular communication the third Wednesday in each month, at Masonic Temple, corner Douglas and Fisgard streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited. jy25 R. A. BROWN, Secretary.

COLUMBIA ROYAL ARCH
Chapter, No. 120, G.R.S. Regular convocations held on the first Tuesday of every month, at Chapter Hall, Masonic Temple, Douglas street, sojourning companions cordially invited. E. LANGLEY.
1-1v [illegible]

FAR WEST LODGE, No. 1,
Regular convention every Friday evening at Knights of Pythias Hall, Broad street. Sojourning Knight are cordially invited to attend. E. PFERDNER,
oct9 K. of R. & S.

ST. ANDREW'S & CALEDONIAN
Society meets in their own hall, Blanchard St., on the first Friday in every month. All Scotchmen are invited to join.
R. C. SMITH Secretary.

MISCELLANEOUS.

QUEEN'S MARKET.
L. GOODACRE.
Government street, Victoria, B. C., wholesale and retail Butcher. Contractor by appointment to Her Majesty's Royal Navy.

A. & W. WILSON,
PLUMBERS AND GASFITTERS.
Bell Hangers and Tinsmiths. Dealers in best descriptions of Heating and Cooking Stoves, Ranges, etc. Shipping supplied at lowest rates. Broad street, Victoria, B. C. Telephone call 126

JOHN J. AUSTIN
NOTARY PUBLIC
Real Estate and General Agent. Loans negotiated. Town and Country Property for sale. Office Government street Victoria. P.O Box 50.

SCAVENGERS.

PETER HANSEN
CITY SCAVENGER.
Yards and cesspools cleaned by contract or monthly. Prompt attention given to all orders and prices reasonable.
Orders left at Dixi Ross & Co.'s and Robert Porter's, Island Market, Johnson and Douglas streets.
Residence, Discovery street, between Government and Douglas. Telephone 184. ju18

JOHN DOHERTY
GENERAL SCAVENGER.
Yards and cesspools cleaned, contracts made for removing earth, etc. All orders left with Jas. Fell & Co., Fort street, grocers; Cochrane & Munn, corner Yates and Douglas streets, or George Doughty, corner Fort and Blanchard streets, will be promptly attended to. Coal and wood for sale u22-1y

Unlike the Dutch Process

No Alkalies
—OR—
Other Chemicals
are used in the preparation of
W. BAKER & CO.'S
BreakfastCocoa
which is absolutely pure and soluble.
It has *more than three times the strength* of Cocoa mixed with Starch, Arrowroot or Sugar, and is far more economical, *costing less than one cent a cup.* It is delicious, nourishing, and EASILY DIGESTED.
Sold by Grocers everywhere.
W. BAKER & CO., Dorchester, Mass.

To the Electors of Vancouver Island District for the House of Commons.

Having been requested by a large number of electors to allow my name to be placed in nomination as a candidate for the House of Commons in the Liberal-Conservative interests, I respectfully announce myself as a candidate for the favor of your support at the coming election.

I will make a personal canvas wherever possible and further explain my opinions politically. Your obedient servant,

ANDREW HASLAM.

Napaimo, April 3rd, 1893. ap3-1w

SEE THE
BRANTFORDS
For 1893
THEY HAVE THE BEST TIRE — THEY ARE LIGHT YET STRONG

There is nothing like them.
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THE GOOLD BICYCLE CO. L'TD. BRANTFORD, ONT.
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AMUSEMENTS.

ZIPPORA MONTEITH,
Soprano.
Vocal instruction in English, French, German and Italian. Private and in class. Also pupils prepared for Oratorio and Opera.

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Pupils received for the Violin, ensemble and orchestral playing.

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Teacher of Piano, Theory, Harmony and Composition.
For terms and particulars address,
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YOUNG LADIES' INSTITUTE.

Grand Concert and Magic Lantern

Will be held in Institute Hall, View Street, on MONDAY EVENING, APRIL 10th, at 8 o'clock. Admission 50c., children 25c., including refreshments. ap6-4

Louis F. Post,

OF NEW YORK,

After Henry George, the greatest exponent of Single Tax, will lecture in the

PHILHARMONIC HALL,
—ON—
Saturday, April 8th
Subject: "SINGLE TAX."

The chair will be taken by the Hon. R. Beaven, at 8 p.m. sharp. Admission 25c. Seats reserved for ladies.

At the close of the lecture Mr. Post will answer questions on the subject.

GRAND FANCY DRESS BALL

AT THE
Philharmonic Hall, Tuesday, April 11th.

Tickets, $1.00.
Music by Professor Haynes. Supper from Whitelaw's. No masks allowed. Tickets at Waitt's music store. Doors open at 8:30. m25-td

Currie's

Edinburgh Waterproof **Coats.**

Wear better, last longer and give greater satisfaction than any of the chemically prepared cloths, lately forced upon the market and called waterproof. The men of Great Britain know a good thing. They have been wearing these coats for nearly 50 years, and are still wearing them.

All good dealers sell them. 1-ws

WE BEG TO INFORM
Victorians
That we have removed from 27 Fort Street to our new and spacious store
37 Fort Street,
5 doors above our old stand, where you can find the
Only Opticians
Of British Columbia, who have the knowledge, skill and experience to thoroughly test your eyes and fit you with proper glasses.
Who make a specialty of grinding complicated glasses and repairs of all kinds.
Who have the most complete stock of Spectacles, Eye Glasses and Optical Instruments in Canada.
Note the Change of Address:
F. W. Nolte & Co.,
37 FORT STREET.
(Formerly 27 Fort St.; successors to Hyams.)
We give Oculist's Prescriptions our special attention. Do not let any one tell you that your glasses cannot be ground here. Bring your prescription to us. We guarantee to fill it within 48 hours, and give you work equal in accuracy and finish to any on the American continent.

THE JAPANESE BAZAAR.

Very double choice sorts of
Tree Pæonies,
Perfectly hardy and bound to give satisfaction.
LILIES, FERN PLANTS, PLUM TREES,
All in good condition for immediate planting.

T. S. FUTCHER,
Importer and Retailer.
41 FORT ST., VICTORIA, B. C.

Municipal Notice.

Notice is hereby given that the reports of the City Engineer and City Assessor in regard to the grading of and laying sidewalks upon Stanley Avenue, between Fort Street and Mr. Andean's property, and Montrose Avenue, between Blackwood and Jones Streets, Showing the proportion in which the assessment is proposed to be made on the various portions of the real property benefited by the said improvements respectively, in accordance with the "Local Improvement By-Law," are now open for inspection at the Office of the City Assessor.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
C. M. C.

City Clerk's Office,
Victoria, B.C., March 30, 1893.

NOTICE.

I will not be responsible for any debts contracted on and after this date without my written order.

F. WARREN.

Victoria, April 3rd, 1893. ap2-1m

THE DAILY TIMES

Published every afternoon except Sunday, by the
Victoria Times Printing and Publishing Company, Limited,

At No. 37 Yates street, near Government, Victoria, B. C.

SUBSCRIPTION:
Delivered by carrier in any part of the city, per week..................25 cts.
By mail to any part of the world, per year..........................$10 00

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WM. TEMPLEMAN, Manager.

Changes of Advertisements.
It is necessary that copy for changes of advertisements (to be sure of insertion) should be handed in on the day previous to that of their appearance.

The Daily Times.

CENSUS AND REDISTRIBUTION.

There are two very self-evident propositions in connection with the redistribution question about which there is no chance for cavil. On the one hand it is quite evident to every impartial man that if there are material changes in the population those changes should be reflected as speedily as possible in the composition of the representative body, through the medium of a redistribution bill and a general election. When these steps are not taken one district is likely to be defrauded of its rights and another unduly pampered. The other proposition is that a redistribution bill is practically useless until a general election makes its provisions operative. An illustration is found in the last Dominion redistribution act, passed two sessions ago. By that measure increased representation was conceded to one province and the representation of two others was decreased, yet all three have the same number of members now as in the last parliament. There is only one circumstance in favor of a "hung-up" measure such as this, namely, that it would enable justice to be done in case of a premature dissolution. The Davie government shelters itself from attack behind this plea, that there is no utility in or need for a redistribution of seats until a general election is at hand. The government and its supporters seek to strengthen their plea by asserting that there are not sufficient data on which to base a redistribution measure. The obvious answer to all this is that if a change in the representation is demanded it should be at once effected; the logic of the situation demands an immediate redistribution and a general election. As to the necessity of a change, the people naturally thought they had an authoritative declaration when the government placed this paragraph in the "speech from the throne":

"The time has arrived when the altered conditions of the province demand a change in the method of popular representation in the legislative assembly, and a measure of redistribution will therefore be submitted to you."

Plainly, if this was correct, the circumstances called for not only a redistribution but a general election to give it effect; and the government's plea that because there is no prospect of a general election there is no need of a redistribution must be dismissed as a subterfuge. To begin at the right end, we must enquire whether a change in the method of representation is demanded, as was asserted by the government; all else hinges upon the result of that enquiry. The government by its action now declares that its announcement was wrong, and that there is no such necessity for a change as it formerly represented. This new finding is based on the allegation that the Dominion census is so far wrong that it cannot be taken as a safe guide. If this statement in regard to the census is true, surely it is rather peculiar that the government should have taken more than a year to discover the truth. If it had been honestly determined on correcting any defects in the method of popular representation its efforts in this direction ought to have led to a discovery of the facts before the session opened, which could then have been laid before the house instead of the announcement which has been withdrawn. The unavoidable conclusion is that the government did not deal honestly with the question; it was juggling when the announcement was made and juggling afterwards when its new course was taken. Its conduct therefore gives ample reason for honest and independent men refusing to place their confidence in it.

There can be no doubt that the government has been able to show discrepancies in the Dominion census, when taken ni conjunction with the statistics of the Indian department. The census makes the total population of the island 36,767 and of the mainland, according to the revised figures, 61,406. If from these numbers are deducted the number of Indians given by the Indian department, namely, 5,742 on the island and 29,460 on the mainland, the white and Chinese population of the former is left at 31,025 and of the latter at 31,946. So far as the premier's statements dealt with these figures they were plainly correct. But a difficulty here arises, for the census gives New Westminster district alone a white population of nearly 30,000. What, then, becomes of all the people in the Yale and Cariboo districts? The plain inference is that either the mainland population has been wrongly given in the census or the Indian department is wrong in its estimate of the number of Indians. Where the mistake has occurred we would not venture to say, but evidently it was the duty of the government to inquire into the matter before this time in order that it might know whether the census data were reliable. No good excuse can be offered for first announcing that a redistribution was demanded and then asserting that it was not.

BOARD OF TRADE.

First General Quarterly Meeting in the Handsome New Chamber.

The Marine Hospital — Resolutions of Condolence—Pilotage Dues.

The regular quarterly meeting of the Board of Trade was held yesterday afternoon. Present: President T. B. Hall, in the chair; Messrs. C. Renouf, H. E. Connon, J. H. Todd, D. R. Kerr, H. F. Heisterman, R. Ward, W. Morris, Jesse M. Cowper, W. Ridgeway Wilson, L. H. Northey, L. H. Webber, D. Leiser, W. C. Ward, H. J. Scott, A. C. Flumerfelt, F. B. Gregory, Gus Leiser, M. Strouss, R. H. Swinerton, J. F. Sehl, B. Boggs.

This was the first quarterly general meeting held in the new quarters.

Mr. A. C. Flumerfelt reported verbally, for the banquet committee. They had circulated a list to ascertain how much financial aid they could count upon; they found that a sufficient sum was guaranteed. Tenders had been received from several city caterers.

Mr. Todd thought that the banquet should be held before the house prorogued, so that the members could be invited.

Mr. Robt. Ward said the purpose of the banquet was to celebrate the completion of the new board of trade building. He moved that the committee be given further time to make these arrangements and that the banquet be held within a month from this date. Carried.

A reply from the minister of marine and fisheries, Ottawa, re the Marine Hospital was read as follows:

Marine and Fisheries, Canada,
Ottawa, 7th March, 1893.

Sir: Referring to your letter of the 20th of January last, addressed to the honorable the minister of marine and fisheries, requesting that an official enquiry might be made into the working of the Marine Hospital at Victoria, B. C., keeping in view the absolute necessity of proper care and provision for sick mariners at your port, I beg to inform you that the matter has received the careful consideration of the minister, who is now in England, and it has been decided to transfer the patients from the Marine Hospital to the Royal Jubilee Hospital at Victoria, and to close up the Marine Hospital.

With reference to the complaint made that the seamen received into the Marine Hospital did not receive proper care and attention, and that there was not proper accommodation in the hospital for the patients received, I beg to enclose, for your information, a copy of certificates received from sailors who had been treated in the hospital, testifying that they had been treated and looked after by the steward in the best manner, and that he had done everything in his power for their comfort, and that they received plenty of good food of the best description, and that their treatment was everything that could be desired. I may also observe that when the complaints referred to were being made, extensive repairs and improvements to the hospital had been nearly completed by Mr. Gamble, the resident engineer of the department of public works, who had charge of the work, and that the necessary arrangements were also being made for conveying water from the Esquimalt water works to the institution.

I observe that it was also stated at the quarterly meeting of the Board of Trade, held on the 6th of January, that the Dominion government, in the year 1892, had made a clear profit of $2,000 in connection with the care of sick seamen. There is evidently some misapprehension in regard to this matter, as I find that the receipts on account of marine hospitals in British Columbia from 1873 to the 30th of June, 1892, amounted to $64,022.64, while the expenditures for the same period, including cost of hospital and repairs by public works department up to the 30th of January, 1893, amounted to the sum of $80,857.64, thus showing that a much larger amount has been expended by the government for this purpose than that received from sick mariners' dues.

I am, sir,
Your most obedient servant,
JOHN COSTIGAN,
Acting Minister of Marine and Fisheries.

F. Elworthy, Esq., Secretary Board of Trade, Victoria, B. C.

A number of certificates were read from men who had been treated in the hospital, testifying to the care and attention of the attendants.

Mr. Robt. Ward said the reply of the department of marine was undignified. He was sorry to see that Capt. Gaudin had rushed into newspaper correspondence. He (Capt. Gaudin) had taken round a paper and induced a lot of sailors to sign it. Having got this memorial the department seemed satisfied that the Marine Hospital was a model institution. They should have set on foot a properly conducted and impartial enquiry. The Dominion government by the terms of union was bound to maintain a marine hospital at Victoria. It would be very foolish to allow the Dominion government to break the terms of union without British Columbia's consent. (Hear, hear.) He fancied the department would get out of this business cheaply. The directors of the Jubilee Hospital had very properly declined to enter into any arrangement with the department. The matter was far more serious than most of the members perhaps imagined.

Mr. Kerr said the Dominion government was evidently trying to get in the thin end of the wedge.

Mr. Renouf drew attention to the peculiar arithmetic of the Dominion government regarding this hospital in counting in items of 19 years ago, and including the cost of the building.

A communication was read from Mr. Hall recommending the purchase of the American maritime register.

The president nominated as auditors Messrs. McQuade, Johnson and Flumerfelt.

The president said that since the last meeting three members of the board had gone over to the majority, Mr. Waitt, Mr. James Laidlaw, and Hon. Hugh Nelson. He suggested a resolution of condolence on the matter.

Mr. Robt. Ward moved that votes of condolence be forwarded the bereaved relatives of the deceased members, and made a few feeling remarks in offering the resolution. Seconded by Mr. Flumerfelt and carried.

Messrs. J. L. Forrester and T. M. Henderson were unanimously elected members of the board.

Mr. R. Ward wished to point out that there must be advantages with shipping on Puget Sound over those on this side, as shown by the charters given. It was extremely unsatisfactory to have three distinct pilotages in the province. He moved that the council look into the matter and report. He would like to see the same energy displayed by the home tug owners as is shown by the Puget Sound pilots, who go to Cape Flattery and bring vessels to this port. He hoped the council would take this matter up.

Mr. Connon was glad to hear Mr. Ward's remarks. He had represented eight different owners at this port, and it was agreed on all hands that the pilotage dues here were simply extortionate. The figures at present are entirely beyond reason.

The chairman said Mr. Connon would have nothing to complain of in this respect in a few days.

Mr. Renouf thought the Dominion government should be memorialized regarding the buoying of the channels.

The president ordered the matter noted in the minute book and it will have attention. The board adjourned at 4:25.

CONSIGNEES.

Per steamer Islander from Vancouver—R Ward, Albion Iron Works, W J Pendray, Quintard & P, Wm Hammond, Bradstreet & Co, J T Johnston, H Young & Co, S H E Co, C Strouss, Langley & Co, E G Prior, Lenz & Leiser, Geo Monroe, Mrs P Wilson, J Wriglesworth, J B Johnson, G M Black, S Schoen, A E Westcott, H Saunders, B Williams, W H Grove, D Spencer, H Waller, Bank of Montreal, J Tucker, Can Pac Nav Co, F Norris, H Bay Co, J Mathews, J McKenzie, Kerr & Begg, J Piercy, Sidney Shore, J W Mellor, W Bickford, P A Irving, J Sommers, Times Co, T N Hibben, R T Williams, Wm Wilby, McLachlan, Wilson Bros, E C Baker, H Bornsein, Johns Bros, S Leiser, Thorpe & Co, Weiler Bros, Watson & Geiger, Dom Exp Co.

Per steamer North Pacific from the Sound—J Sears, E G Prior & Co, Capt J H Bunser, J Parker, T Roarke, Sehl H E F Co, Carson & Shore, A St G Hamersley, A Lipchock, M W Waitt & Co, J McMullen.

Per ss. City of Puebla, from San Francisco—A McGregor & Sons, Ames Holden Co, Allice & Ault, A E Rand, B C Cattle Co, Bank of B C, Boucherat & Co, C Andrews, Chas R Muriset, Erskine Wall & Co, Fairall & Co, Fell & Co, Gum Fook Yuen, Henry Croft, H Saunders, H Bay Co, John Barnsley & Co, Kurtz & Co, Langley & Co, J P Matthews & Co, Johns Bros, J & A Clearihue McLennan & McFeely, Matthews Richards & T, Nicholles & Renouf, P McQuade, R H Jameson, R Baker & Son, R P Rithet & Co, See Hop, S Leiser, Turner Beeton & Co, T Earl, T W Fletcher, Valo & Brooks, W Wilson, Wing Chong, W J Pendray, Wells Fargo & Co, D H Ross & Co.

Miss Ethel Worlock, accompanied by Miss Orr, leaves in the morning for England to complete her studies. She goes East over the C. P. R.

The Postmaster General's Nickname.

Wilson Bissell, the postmaster general, has been the possessor of a pet name for years. Among all his friends and to a good many others besides the old law partner of Grover Cleveland is known as "Babe" Bissell. The name was never applied in disrespect, but refers simply to his smooth face, which is round and bland and covered with a cherubic expression that would set an angel to singing a lullaby. His Buffalo associates say that his expression is only an index to his disposition, and there are several people in his own city who think Mr. Bissell a fair subject for a pedestal.

One of these is a quaint old German who keeps a little "garten" wherein is a common round table to which the old fellow points with pride. Years ago, when Mr. Cleveland was sheriff and later mayor, he and Mr. Bissell and Mrs. Cleveland's father, Mr. Folsom, used to go over to this little "garten," call for their ale mugs and then sit for an hour at this table and play pinochle—up in Buffalo they call it "peaknuckle."

The three men always came at the same hour, sat at the same table and generally staid just the same time each day. The corner table became their especial property, and any one who had attempted to occupy the place about the time of the trio's arrival would have received small courtesy from the old German. Since Mr. Cleveland became president the proprietor has been pointing out the table with a mixture of thrifty pride and veneration.—Mrs. McGuirk in Kate Field's Washington.

A Hindoo's Water Bicycle.

Babu Jagadiswara Ghatak, living in Chetla in Alipore, known as the inventor of a patent for rice mills, has lately invented an apparatus by which a man may safely cross over the great waters. It is in the shape of a bicycle placed over two strong airtight small horizontal buoys constructed sidewise underneath the cycle. The man will take his seat on the cycle even more comfortably than on an ordinary bicycle, and the machinery being propelled by the legs will cross safely over rivers and lakes without drenching the propeller.

The experiment was made on Monday morning by the inventor himself, and it proved a success. Baju Jagadiswara, seated on a wonderful cycle of the water, passed from Chetla through the Tolly's Nullah across the great river Hooghly into the Botanical gardens, and in the same way returned home, to the great joy of his friends and admirers. The whole journey, including the return, was completed within five hours.—Cor. London Globe.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

The Best Blood Purifier, LANGLEY'S Sarsaparilla

SUNDAY SERVICES.

Where, When and by Whom Divine Worship Will be Held To-morrow.

Y.M.C.A. platform service at 4 p.m., conducted by Messrs. Roper, Marwick and Marshall. Subject, "The strength of young manhood." 1 John 1, 14. All young men are cordially welcome.

St. Luke's, Cedar Hill road—Easter services wil be repeated by the choir at the morning and evening services held in this church to-morrow. Morning at 11; evening at 7, and at St. Michael's, Lake district, at 3 o'clock by the rector.

Victoria West Methodist—Morning at 11, Rev. Geo. H. Morden; evening at 7, Rev. Geo. H. Morden. Subject of evening sermon, "True Greatness."

Esquimalt Methodist—Morning at 10:30, J. Morrison.

James Bay Methodist church, S. Wikinson pastor—Missionary services will be held to-morrow. The Rev. C. H. M. Sutherland will preach morning and evening, at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. Sunday school at 2:30.

Centennial Methodist church, Gorge road, Rev. James H. White pastor—11 a.m. Rev. S. Wilkinson; 7. p.m. Mr. John Cavert. Sunday school at 2:30 p.m.

Church of Our Lord, R.E.—Bishop Cridge morning and evening. Subject of morning sermon, "The Christian Pupil."

Emmanuel Baptist church—Rev. M.L. Rugg of Seattle will preach morning and evening. Special services continued.

St. Saviour's church, Victoria West—Holy Communion at 8 p.m.; service at 11 a.m and 7 p.m.; preacher, Rev. W. D. Barber. There wil be no Sunday school to-morrow afternoon, as there will be special services for children at Christ Church at 3 p.m.

Calvary Baptist church, Rev. J. E. Coombes pastor—Morning subject, "The man of Uz," an expository sermon on the first chapter of Job. Evening subject "The four Trumpets," continuation of the series of sermon-lectures on Revelations. Baptism at close of evening service.

St. Andrew's (R.C.) cathedral—By request the choir of St. Andrew's will tomorrow repeat the programme rendered on Easter Sunday, a week ago. This is the programme:—

MORNING SERVICE.

Tu es Petrus—Solo and chorus..Van Elwyck
Kyrie.....H. Coupe
Gloria.....H. Coupe
Credo—From Mass in B flat....Mercadante
Verbum Supernum (ladies' voices)...Rossini
Sanctus .....Generali
Benidictus .....Generali
Agnus Dei.....Marzo

EVENING SERVICES.

Compline .....Bishop Lutens
Tu es Petrus.....Elwyck
Verbum Supernum .....Rossini
Ave Maria—Bass solo.....Derlith
Tantum Ergo.....W. Berg
Laudate.....

Organist—Mrs. Lombard.
Conductor—C. A. Lombard.

St. John's—The Easter services will be repeated at St. John's church to-morrow evening.

PERSONAL.

Visitors and Passengers to and From the City and Province.

Capt. Jno. Irving went over to the Mainland this morning.

Charles H. Morris and wife returned on the City of Puebla from San Francisco yesterday, after having spent the winter in California. They are at the Victoria. Their stay in the Golden State was a most pleasant one.

Henry Robertson and wife of Shawnigan are at the Victoria.

Walter H. Wood of Tacoma passed through the city yesterday, accompanied by his bride. They were married at San Jose, Cal., on Tuesday. Mr. Wood is secretary of the Pacific Commercial Co., a large importing house started at Tacoma since the N.P. steamship line began operations.

Mrs. R. E. Gosnell came over from Vancouver last evening.

Senators McInnes, McDonald and Reid and Col. Prior returned from Ottawa last evening.

R. Jamieson returned from the Sound yesterday.

Japanese Consul Kitoo and Hon. S.Negan arrived last evening from Vancouver.

W. H. Redmond and A. E. Macnaughton returned last evening from the Kootenay district.

W. J. Macaulay leaves in a day or so for Chicago on a business trip.

Last Words of a Great Man.

Pericles, the noted Greek, just before expiring said; "I never caused any one citizen of Athens to mourn on my account." This was a noble and grand statement for a great man to make before leaving the world.

In our days we have with us an agent—a power—which ever lives and works for the benefit of the old and young; and about which it can truly be said; "It has never caused any man, woman or child to mourn on account of its failure to cure." We refer specially to Harvard Bronchial Syrup, the great established remedy for sore throat, coughs, colds, hoarseness and bronchial affections. The work already accomplished in Canada by this King of remedies is proof enough of its vast superiority over all competing cough mixtures. It would require a newspaper column to fully describe its magnificent character as an eradicator of colds. Its action is instant, its effect wonderful and pleasing, and its purity of composition is beyond question.

THEIR CLOSING DANCE.

The Iolanthe Club Entertain Their Friends at Philharmonic Hall Last Evening.

The Iolanthe Club's final dance of the season was held in Philharmonic Hall last evening. The hall was not overcrowded nor was the attendance by any means small. Everything that goes to make up a pleasant evening was en evidence. The floor was good, the music first-rate and consequently the dancing greatly enjoyed. It was 9 o'clock when the first dance was called and several of the small hours had passed before the orchestra struck up "God Save the Queen." There were over 20 dances on the programme, but many more were danced. A large number of "extras" were played and like the "regulars" they were thoroughly enjoyed. The hall was prettily decorated, long strings of small flags hanging from the ceiling, while the walls were covered with larger flags of all nations. The ladies, of course, looked well, many pretty dresses having been made for the occasion.

At midnight the company sat down to a table loaded with refreshments and for a short brief hour dancing was forgotten, only to be resumed, however, more energetically after supper.

The members of the club last evening estal lished for themselves a reputation of being first-class entertainers. They left nothing undone to make their guests enjoy themselves. The managing committee was composed of Messrs. J. R. Kerr, president; J. Hyland, vice-president; H. A. Howard, secretary-treasurer; C. L. Cullin, W. H. Wilkinson, R. Weaver, J. T. Lake and W. C. Lesley. Mr. W. Burnes acted as floor manager. The music was supplied by he Brown-Richardson orchestra.

EXPRESSLY FOR YOU.

To-morrow you are respectfully invited to our millinery opening., We have the latest, not the same shape you see in every window, but the latest patterns of the day.

JOHN PARTRIDGE,
86 Yates St.

FOR THE SOUTH.

The steamer Umatilla sails for the south to-morrow night with the following cabin passengers from this port. A. Bronson, W. B. Clayton, A. L. Sadler, A. H. Crake, L. Dickinson, D. McLeese and A. J. Jenkins.

LADIES' AUXILIARY OF Y.W.C.A.

The regular monthly meeting of the Ladies' Auxiliary of the Y. M. C. A. will be held in the parlors of that institution on Monday evening next, the 10th inst., at 7:30 p. m. The members of the Auxiliary and all ladies who are at all interested in this work are cordially invited to be present.

PLAYED A SECOND TIME.

"Better than Gold" was played by the Victoria West amateurs again last evening. There was a very fair attendance and the piece ran very smoothly. It is a strong melodrama in four acts, with some interesting situations and climaxes in it. The Victoria West amateurs are establishing an excellent reputation.

REWARD FOR THEIR CAPTURE.

Ald. Styles has posted the following notice of motion on the city hall bulletin board for consideration at the next council meeting:

"That a reward of $100 be paid to any person giving such information as will lead to the arrest and conviction of the person or persons who enter empty or other dwellings for the purpose of plunder and theft."

AN UNWILLING PASSENGER.

The steamship City of Puebla from San Francisco yesterday brought down a very unwilling passenger in the person of Mr. A. Bronson. Mr. Bronson wanted to go to Eureka, Cal., from San Francisco. He strolled leisurely aboard the steamer and witnessed the departure with satisfaction. His dismay may be understood when it is stated that he did not discover his error until way out at sea. He says Victoria is a nice place and he would like to stay a while, but he must hurry off. He will go to San Francisco on tomorrow's steamer.

HELD ON ANOTHER CHARGE.

Frederick Day will have another charge to answer to in the upper court. He was given a hearing before Police Magistrate Macrae this morning for the theft of four buggy wheels belonging to Joseph Grice. The magistrate committed him for trial. The four wheels, bright in their new coat of paint and varnish, were brought into court and offered in evidence. They were taken during the snow storm early in February while Mr. Grice had his wagon on runners. They were readily identified in court.

A VICTORIAN ACTOR.

Grand progress is being made by those who are taking part in "Monte Cristo." Mr. Philo is working very hard with his troupe of local talent and says that when the 27th of April arrives the citizens of Victoria will have an opportunity of seeing a good performance. Mr. Philo, who will be seen in the title role, is well known to Victorians, and if he plays as well as he sings, which he certainly does, theatregoers will enjoy a treat. This will be his last amateur performance, and Mr. Philo will leave a Victorian. The performance will be given under the patronage of the Lieutenant-Governor and Mrs. Dewdney.

POST ON SINGLE TAX.

This evening in Philharmonic hall L. F. Post, the noted single tax debater and lecturer will address a meeting at 8 o'clock. This lecture is an explanation and defence of Henry George's proposition to abolish all taxes save a single tax on land according to its value and irrespective of its improvements. The question is presented in the double aspect of a fiscal and an industrial reform. The single tax is advocated as the easiest, fairest, and in every respect the best method of raising public revenues, and also as the only effective mode adaptable to modern conditions of abolishing involuntary poverty by securing equal rights to the land which God has given for the use of all.

READ.

We have made special efforts in our millinery department this season to make it the best in the city and we have succeeded.

READ ON.

We are showing over 300 styles in ladies' straw hats and in children's straws. We have hundreds of samples at half price.

READ ON YET.

In infants' hoods, capes and sun bonnets we have every style and shape that is shown this season.

READ SOME MORE.

Piles and stacks of boxes filled with gauze, muslin, silk and velvet flowers and wreaths literally jam the floors and shelves of our store. The prices fill the public with astonishment. They are so low. Russell & McDonald, 134 Douglas street.

PLEASE NOTE

Some of our best lines of children's hats and wreaths are selling fast and we cannot guarantee having them in stock after the end of the present month.

NEXT MONDAY.

The remaining County Court cases will be disposed of next Monday at 11 a.m. Probably the most interesting case on the list is that of Escalet vs. Campbell.

SPIRITUALISM.

Service will be held in Pioneer Hall, Broad street, Sunday evening at 7:30. Address and psychometric readings will be given by Mrs. C. Mayo-Steers, spiritual teacher.

MARKET FOR FISH SKINS.

Mr. John Turnbull has received orders from a London firm for a large number of fish skins, including shark, skate and dog fish skins. The first shipment goes east to-morrow over the C.P.R.

AN EXCITING RUNAWAY.

A horse attached to a Chinese vegetable wagon ran away this morning, the driver, a Chinaman, dropping the reins when the horse took fright. When last seen the horse wrs heading for Saanich, John being mixed up with the vegetable baskets.

GETTING TO WORK.

Ald. McKillican (chairman), Munn and Baker and City Engineer Wilmot, the committee which is to look after the city's interests in connection with the Victoria and Sidney Railway, met yesterday. The committee will go to work at once and will have a report ready for the council inside of ten days.

PEACE IN THE NORTH.

The quarrel among the northern Indians, of which so much has been said of late, is now reported to have quietly subsided. The latest news from that direction shows that the force of special police commanded by Supt. Hussey will have no fighting to do. The fact seems to be that peace has reigned for many moons among the children of the forest, and that the report of trouble was set on foot by some false-tongued paleface, whose lying report found too much credence.

THE SHOW WAS GOOD.

James F. Sheridan and his company presented "Fun on the Sound," a revised edition of "Fun on the Bristol," at the Victoria theatre last evening. Mr. Sheridan gave a splendid rendering of his part and the company includes many good actors. Thus, the performance was a good one despite the age of many of the jokes. Post and Marion are clever dancers. Grace Whitford and Blanche Stegrist, the soubrettes, are clever. The former is a fine singer. George Sinclair, who played the part of the count, is the possessor of an excellent voice.

THE RESERVE QUESTION.

Supt. Vowell and Indian Agent Lomas met the Songhees Indians last evening and discussed the reserve question. Mr. Vowell laid before them a letter from the Indian department assuring them that no coercive measures would be adopted to induce them to leave the reserve. He told them, however, that as soon as they felt that they could better their condition by selling the reserve and moving to another, they should inform him of their wish to do so. The Indians were thoroughly satisfied with the meeting and left it fully reassured that they would not be turned out without their consent.

WHAT HICKS HAS TO SAY.

A Tacoma special of Friday says: Deputy Sheriff Hicks returned yesterday morning from Victoria with his little daughter, and at once placed her under the care of Dr. McCracken, of Puyallup, as he says he had arranged to do before he left its mother at Victoria. Regarding the statement that he kidnapped the child, he says it is utterly untrue, he having told the child's mother at Victoria that she had better take it with her if she feared he would hide it from her. This statement he says he made when the mother of the child, from whom he was recently divorced, made known to him her suspicions that he might not let her see the child again.

INDISPENSABLE.—There are some simple remedies indispensable in every family. Among these, the experience of years assures us, should be recorded Perry Davis' Pain-Killer. For both internal and external application we have found it of great value; especially can we recommend it for colds, rheumatism, or fresh wounds and bruises.—Christian Era.

NATIONAL CONCERT.

Next Tuesday evening the First Presbyterian church choir will give a national concert in their hall in aid of the Y.M.C.A. of this city. The object is a most worthy one and as at present the finances of the association are not in the best possible state the concert should be patronized if for no other reason than to help better them. Just what this concert is to consist of remains to be seen, but taking past efforts as an indication, those who attend will have no reason to complain of want of merit. Amongst those who will take part will be found some old favorites, and also some ladies and gentlemen not so well-known to Victoria audiences. Mr. J. G. Brown has direction of affairs and no doubt the arrangements will be as perfect as possible, coupled with an excellent programme.

DR. PRICE'S Cream Baking Powder.

The only Pure Cream of Tartar Powder.—No Ammonia; No Alum.
Used in Millions of Homes—40 Years the Standard

New Jackets,
New Capes,
New Dress Goods,
New Dress Trimmings

IN TO-DAY AT

Spencer's Arcade,

GOVERNMENT STREET.

The STANLEY HOUSE

General Dry Goods,

55, 57, 59 DOUGLAS STREET. CORNER OF FORT STREET.

New Goods

RAPIDLY ARRIVING.

FLANNELETS,
DRESS GOODS,
PRINTS,
WOOLS,
MUSLINS.

NEWEST SELECTIONS IN

MILLINERY

..... JUST OPENED

First Shipment of MANTLES opened To-Day.

W. S. Hampson & Co.

New England Bakery.

116 AND 118 GOVERNMENT ST.

The New New England Bakery and Restaurant is

Now Open Day and Night

AT THE OLD STAND.

THREE DINING ROOMS FOR LADIES AND GENTLEMEN.

The Finest in the City. Meals at all hours. Telephone Call 161.

YOUNG BROS.

NEW GOODS

FOR Spring AND Summer

JUST RECEIVED.

A. GREGG & SON,

Tailors, 62 Yates St.

mar2 1m

S. A. STODDART,

The New Watchmaker and Jeweler, 68½ Yates Street.

Cleans Watches thoroughly for 75c.
New Main Springs, 75c.
Balance and Pallet Staffs, $1.25,

And guarantees all work for 12 months. Practicle experience of over 25 years. mar1

An Atlantic Voyage

Tickets for passage to or from Great Britain and Europe issued at LOWEST RATES. Berths reserved by telegraph without extra charge.

HALL, GOEPEL & CO.,
AGENTS,
Cunard, Inman and White Star Steamship Lines

THE IMPERIAL BAKING POWDER

PUREST, STRONGEST, BEST.

Contains no Alum, Ammonia, Lime, Phosphates, or any Injuriant.

E. W. GILLETT, Toronto, Ont.

Atlantic Steamship Lines.

Tickets to and from Europe via. CHICAGO AND THE WORLD'S FAIR, through NEW YORK, BOSTON and CANADIAN PORTS, via any Atlantic Steamship Lines. For particulars, dates, rates, etc. Apply to

ALLAN CAMERON,
General Steamship Agent
Cor. Fort and Gov't, St.

To Let or for Sale.

House on Silvia Street with unobstructed view of the Straits. Drawing room, dining room, 4 bedrooms, etc. Drained to the sea. Also for sale a beautiful building site; area one acre; water front; 7 minutes from trams. The easiest terms will be given. Apply to

J. GERHARD TIARKS,
Architect.
79½ Government St., Victoria, B.C. mar28-td

NOTICE.

Is hereby given that tenders for the construction and equipment of the Victoria and Sidney Railway Company, complete in all respects, will be received by the Victoria and Sidney Railway Company up to noon of April 16th, 1893, at the office of the Company, Government street, Victoria, B. C.

Plans, specifications, conditions of tender, and all details to be had at the Company's office.

The company reserve the right to reject any or all tenders.

P. G. DUNLEVY, President,
ROBERT IRVING, Secretary,
Victoria and Sidney Railway Company.

CHEAP TEETH.

For sixty days my improved Artificial Teeth for nearly one half the usual price. Dentistry in all its branches and latest method, at the New York Dental Parlor, 73½ Government street. fe24-tf

Use German Magic Pile Cure.

A LINCOLN COUNTY MIRACLE.

THE TERRIBLE EXPERIENCE OF A WELL-TO-DO FARMER.

Mr. Ezra Merritt Suffers Untold Agony—Told by a Physician That Only Death Could End His Sufferings—How He Secured His Release From Pain—Anxious That Others Should Benefit By His Experience.

Grimsby Independent.

How often we hear the expression "Hills are green far away" as a term of disparagement. So it may be with many of our readers when they hear of anything occurring at a distance from home bordering on the wonderful. They may place little confidence in it, and even if they do believe it, allow the matter to pass from their minds without leaving any permanent impression. Not so with local affairs. When anything startling occurs in our midst, affecting people whom we all know well, everyone is interested; and all are anxious and even eager for the most minute details. For some months past there have been published in the columns of the Independent from time to time, accounts of remarkable cures made by that now justly famous medicine—Dr. William's Pink Pills for Pale People. Possibly some of our readears have looked upon some of these accounts as describing cures highly improbable, if not impossible. And yet this should not be the case, for they are all vouched for by respectable newspapers, who could have no object in stating other than the facts, and who would be discredited by their own readers were they to do so. However, seeing is believing, and Mr. Ezra Merritt, of South Grimsby, stands forth to-day as living testimony to the wonderful curative powers of this not at all over-estimated medicine—Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. Having heard that a most remarkable cure had been effected in the case of Mr. Merritt, the editor of the Independent, with that desire possessed by most newspaper men for verifying things coming under their notice, resolved to investigate the case and satisfy himself as to the truth of the story. Some days ago he drove over to Smithville, and at once called upon Mr. D. W. Eastman, druggist, a straightforward business man whose word is as good as his bond with all who know him. Mr. Eastman stated that he knew of the case of Mr. Merritt, and considered it a most remarkable one. Mr. Palmer Merritt had come to him one day and asked him if he could give him anything that would help his brother, Ezra Merritt, who was suffering untold agony with pains in all his joints, his back and his head. Mr. Merritt stated that his brother had tried everything, and could find nothing to help him and that the doctors could give him no ease. One doctor from the United States had told him positively that there was no help for him, and that death only could set him free from his agony. Mr. Merritt further told Mr. Eastman that his brother wished to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and asked him if he thought it would be any use. Mr. Eastman advised him to try them, as wonderful cures had been worked by their use. Mr. Merritt acted on his advice and continued the use of Pink Pills until he is now a well man and sound as ever.

The editor then drove over to see Mr. Merritt, and found that gentleman sound and hearty, looking over his cattle in his farmyard. Mr. Ezra Merritt is a well-to-do farmer owning two fine farms about three and a half miles west of Smithville, in the township of South Grimsby. When the newspaper man told the object of his visit, Mr. Merritt expressed his willingness to give him the fullest particulars of his case, and we cannot do better than give it in his own words: "The first time I was troubled," said Mr. Merritt, "was on July first, 1891. We commenced haying on that day, and I felt sore and stiff in all my joints. I now believe the trouble originated through my washing some sheep in cold water the preceding April, when I went into the water and stayed so long that when I came out my legs were numb, but I did not feel any bad results until July, as I have said. I gradually grew worse until I could scarcely do anything. I kept on trying to work, but it was a terrible struggle, and the way I suffered was something awful. Every joint in my body was stiff and intensely painful. As time passed on I gradually grew worse, and the pains went to my back, and at times the agony was almost unbearable. I tried all home-made remedies without avail. I then consulted a doctor, but his medicine had no effect. At the time of the Smithville fair a doctor was over here from the States and I consulted him. He said my case was hopeless, and I need not expect anything but death to release me from my pain. As winter came on the pain got into my head and my sufferings were something terrible. About dark pain would start about my ear and work up until it reached the crown of my head. As morning came on the pain in my head would subside, but the pains in the rest of my body never left me, and at last I grew so bad that when I would lie on my back I could not get up to save my life without assistance. Although I had not lost my appetite I became weak, so bad that though I could walk around I could not stoop to lift a pound. I became so weak in this way that I got discouraged and lost all hope of ever getting better. It was about this time that I heard of the wonderful cures by the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and Mr. Eastman, of Smithville, advised that they be given a trial. My brother got me a box and I took them, but felt no good results. I took still another box, and still no perceptible benefit, and I felt so weak and discouraged that I decided not to take any more. At this time a lady from Hamilton came to visit at our place, and she strongly advised me to continue using the Pink Pills. She had known Mr. Marshall at that city and knew that his case was bona fide. I thought it useless to continue, but at the urgent solicitation of my friends did so, and by the time I was through with the third box I began to feel a benefit from them. This gave me hope which did not again waver, as I found myself steadily growing better, and continued the use of the Pink Pills, until now I am as well as ever I was in my life. I know that it was Pink Pills that saved me when all else had failed, and I have no objections whatever to having the story of my cure being published, as it may be the means of helping some other sufferer back to health and strength and gladness." Mr. Merritt further said that he had now no fear of a hard day's work and had not had the slightest return of the pains or the stiffness in the joints.

Returning to Smithville the editor again called upon Mr. Eastman and was informed by that gentleman that his sales of Pink Pills were something enormous, Mr. Merritt's cure having something to do with the increase in sales lately. There are other cases also in this vicinity little less than marvellous of which we may speak later on.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are a perfect blood builder and nerve restorer, curing such diseases as rheumatism, neuralgia, partial paralysis, locomotor ataxia, St. Vitus' dance, nervous headache, nervous prostration, and the tired feeling therefrom, the after effects of la grippe, influenza and severe colds, diseases depending on humors in the blood, such as scrofula chronic erysipelas, etc. Pink Pills give a healthy glow to pale and sallow complexions, and are a specific for the troubles peculiar to the female system, and in the case of men they effect a radical cure in all cases arising from mental worry, over-work, or excesses of any nature.

These Pills are manufactured by the Dr. Williams Medicine Company, Brockville, Ont., and Schnectady, N. Y., and are sold only in boxes bearing the firm's trade mark and wrapper, at 50 cents a box, or six boxes for $2.50. Bear in mind that Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are never sold in bulk, nor by the dozen or hundred, nor in any form except in packages bearing the company's trade mark, and any dealer who offers substitutes in any other form is trying to defraud you and should be avoided.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills may be had of all druggists or direct by mail from Dr. Williams' Medicine Company from either address. The price at which these pills are sold make a course of treatment comparatively inexpensive as compared with other remedies or medical treatment.

Gentlemen

Razors and shaving materials of best heffield make at Fox's, 78 Government street. Satisfaction guaranteed.

A Lord Mayor's Duties

The functions of a Lord Mayor are very varied, but never before, probably, has an occupant of the office been requested by an unknown correspondent in the colonies to find three hearthstone sellers among the five millions of the inhabitants of London and been successful in his search. A lad wrote to the Lord Mayor from Montreal recently stating that he left London in May, 1882, and that he was once in the Middlesex Industrial School, whither he had written and received no answer. "So now, dear sir," his letter proceeded, "I write to you to see if you can give me any of the whereabouts of my brothers. The last time I wrote to them they was living in Duke street, Bethnal-green. I wrote to them three times and I only got one letter, and the rest came back as dead letters with the word 'Moved' on the back of them. My brothers' occupations is selling hearthstones, and their names are George, Thomas and Walter ——. And now, dear sir, you will do me a very great favor if you will try and get the police to hunt them up. I hope you will excuse my writing to you as I thought you were the only man who would do me the favor. Hoping to hear from them soon, I remain your obedient servant, Albert ——." The Lord Mayor, who is chairman of the police committee, requested Col. Smith, the commissioner, to see if the boy's relatives could be found. After considerable difficulty the three brothers who live in different parts of London, were discovered and placed in communication with the Lord Mayor's Canadian correspondent.—London Times.

Hood's Cures.

In saying that Hood's Sarsaparilla cures, its proprietors make no idle or extravagant claim. Statements from thousands reliable people of what Hood's Sarsaparilla has done for them conclusivey prove the fact—HOOD'S Sarsaparilla CURES.

HOOD'S PILLS act especially upon the liver, rousing it from torpidity to its natural duties, cure constipation and assist digestion.

Women of Sense.

This age has probably produced more vigorous minded and what is known as thinking women, than any other age in the world's history. This will in a measure account for the unprecedented large sales of the Rigby porous waterproof cloth for Ladies' cloaks and wraps.

To a thinking woman the predominant properties of this cloth are sufficient to effect a sale, viz, its porous and waterproof properties, while to the female mind irrespective of its vigor the beautiful designs which are being shown will produce the same effects.

In Rigby, health, comfort and elegance are the trio which have worked its success.

Fort Sheppard

The City of Kootenay Land and Improvement Company, Limited, will open an office at 26 Fort street, in the Five Sisters block, on the 1st of March, next, when a limited number of lots in he town of Fort Sheppard will be offered for sale. *

A Healthy and Delicious Beverage.

Menier Chocolate. Learn to make a real cup of Chocolate, by addressing C. Alfred Chouillou, Montreal, and get free samples with directions.

Millions of Women use it for all purposes Laundry and Household and find it a great comfort and saver of Labor

Sunlight SOAP

Has no equal for purity, nor for cleaning and sweetening, nor preserving the clothes and hands from injury, nor for all-round general use.

REFUSE CHEAP IMITATIONS

AGENTS FOR BRITISH COLUMBIA:
BECKWITH, THOMPSON & KING,
VICTORIA B. C.

In the Gentle Springtime

Take a walk down to the corner of Government and Johnson Streets and get the latest styles in Footwear from

A. B. Erskine

GREEN, WORLOCK & CO.,

SUCCESSORS TO GARESCHÉ, GREEN & CO.
Established 1873.

—BANKERS—

VICTORIA, B. C.

Deposits received on liberal rates of interest.
Drafts, Orders, Telegraph Transfers and Letters of Credit issued direct on over 10,000 cities in the United States, Canada, Europe, Mexico and China
Collections made at every point.
Gold Dust purchased at highest market rates.

— AGENTS FOR —

WELLS, FARGO & COMP'Y

The Victoria Lithograph Co.,

(LIMITED)

CORNER YATES AND GOVERNMENT STREETS, UPSTAIRS,

Is now prepared to turn out all classes of work, such as

Maps, Checks, Drafts, Bill Heads, Letter Heads, Note Heads, Labels, Wedding & Visiting Cards, Etc., Etc.

VISITING CARDS printed from Copper plates and stone.

PORTRAITS enlarged from small photographs in the best style of the lithographer's art.

Orders left at the TIMES Office or with the Manager will be promptly attended to

W. R. CREECH, Manager.

The Weekly Times

The Weekly edition of the TIMES is a 16-page paper; containing all the news of the week, general, provincial and city. It is the only independent political paper in British Columbia, and has a very large circulation within the province.

Subscription, $2 per annum in advance; postage in addition to foreign countries.

Address,

THE TIMES P. & P. CO.,
Victoria, B. C.

STEAMBOATS.

THE
Northern Pacific
STEAMSHIP COMPANY

IN CONNECTION WITH

THE NORTHERN PACIFIC Railroad Company,
the Shortest Route to

Japan and China.

Proposed Sailing of Steamers:
(SUBJECT TO ALTERATION)

WILL LEAVE VICTORIA
S. S. TACOMA, March 21st

And thereafter the permanent service of the Company's regular steamers.

For freight or passage apply to
DODWELL, CARLILL & CO.,
Gen. Agts. Trounce Avenue, Victoria, or
E. E. BLACKWOOD,
Agt. N. P. R. R. Co., Victoria. se20

CANADIAN PACIFIC RY.

THE FAST MAIL LINE.

No Change of Cars, Pacific to Atlantic.

THE SHORT ROUTE TO
New York, Boston, Philadelphia, Montreal, Chicago, Kansas City, Omaha, St. Paul and all Points East and Southeast.

Fares $5 to $10 Less than any Other Route.

Luxurious Drawing Room and Sleeping Cars Upholstered Tourist Cars, Free Colonist Sleepers.

Through Rates and Tickets to and from Europe by all Steamship Lines.

The Imperial Highway to the Orient.
EMPRESS OF INDIA,
EMPRESS OF CHINA,
EMPRESS OF JAPAN.

For Rates, Sailing Lists, and all information, apply at the Company's office, corner Government and Fort Streets.
ALLAN CAMERON, Agent.
GEO. McL. BROWN,
District Passenger Agent,
Vancouver.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

STEAMER
JOAN
J. E. BUTLER, Master.

On and after March 22nd, 1893,

Steamer JOAN will sail as follows:
Calling at Way Ports as freight and Passengers may offer:

Leave Victoria..........Tuesday 5 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Comox..........Wednesday, 7 a.m.
" Comox for Valdez Island every alternate Thursday at..........7 a.m.
Returning same day.
" Comox for Nanaimo..........Friday, 7 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Victoria..........Saturday, 7 a.m.

For freight or staterooms apply board, or at the Company's ticket office, Victoria Store street.

THE OCEANIC STEAMSHIP COMPANY

Carrying United States, Hawaiian and Colonial mails, will leave the Company's wharf, foot Folsom street,

For Honolulu,

S.S. AUSTRALIA (3,000 tons) Wednesday, April 12, 1893, 2 p.m.

For Honolulu, Auckland & Sydney without change
The Splendid New 3,000 ton Steel Screw Steamer
Mariposa..........THURSDAY, April 27th, 1893, 3 p.m.
Or immediately on arrival of the English mails.
For freight or passage apply at office, 327 Market street, San Francisco.
J. D. SPRECKELS & BROS. CO.
no2 General Agents.

PACIFIC COAST S. S. CO'Y

Dispatch a steamer
Every 5 days for San Francisco
Carrying Her Majesty's Mails,
FROM OUTER WHARF AT 11 A.M.
City of Puebla - - - April 14
R. P. RITHET & CO., Agents.

CANADIAN PACIFIC NAVIGATION CO.,
(LIMITED.)

TIME TABLE No. 19
Taking effect March 25, 1893

Vancouver Route.

Victoria to Vancouver daily, except Monday, at 2 o'clock, a.m.

Vancouver to Victoria daily, except Monday, at 13 o'clock, or on arrival of C.P.R. No. 1 train.

New Westminster Route.

LEAVE VICTORIA for New Westminster, Ladner's Landing and Lulu Island, Sunday at 23 o'clock; Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock. (Sunday's steamer to New Westminster connects with C. P.R. train No. 2 going East Monday.)
For Plumper Pass Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock.
For Pender Island Wednesday at 7 o'clock.
For Moresby Island Friday at 7 o'clock.
LEAVE NEW WESTMINSTER for Victoria, Monday at 13 o'clock; Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.
For Plumper Pass Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.
For Pender Island Thursday at 7 o'clock.

Northern Route.

Steamships of this Co, will leave for Pt. Simpson and intermediate ports every Monday at 18 o'clock. When sufficient inducements offer will extend trips to West Coast points and Queen Charlotte Islands.

Barclay Sound Route.

Steamer Maude leaves Victoria for Alberni and Sound ports on the first and 15th of each month.

The Company reserves the right of changing this Time Table at any time without notification.

G. A. CARLTON, General Agent. JOHN IRVING, Manager.

RAILWAYS.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE NO 17.
To take effect at 8.00 a.m. on Friday, September 30th, 1892.
Trains run on Pacific Standard Time.

STATIONS.	BOUND SOUTH. READ UP. No. 1 Passenger Daily.	No. 3 Passenger Saturdays & Sundays.	Miles from Wellington.	NORTH BOUND. READ DOWN. No. 2 Passenger Daily.	No. 4 Passenger Saturdays & Sundays.	Miles from Victoria.
VICTORIA	Ar. 12:24 P M	Ar. 5:58 P M	78	De. 8:00 A M	De. 2:30 P M	
RUSSELL'S	" 12:20	" 5:54	77	" 8:04	" 2:34	1
ESQUIMALT	" 12:10	" 5:44	74	" 8:14	" 2:44	4
GOLDSTREAM	" 11:45 A M	" 5:19	67	" 8:39	" 3:09	11
SUMMIT SIDING	" 11:10	" 4:50	58	" 9:14	" 3:38	20
SHAWNIGAN LAKE	" 10:50	" 4:24	50	" 9:34	" 4:04	28
COBBLE HILL	" 10:40	" 4:14	47	" 9:44	" 4:14	31
McPHERSON'S	10:27	" 3:53	43	" 9:57	" 4:29	35
KOKSILAH	10:17	" 3:49	40	" 10:07	" 4:39	38
DUNCAN'S	10:12	" 3:44	38	" 10:12	" 4:44	40
SOMENOS	10:02	" 3:34	35	" 10:22	" 4:54	43
CHEMAINUS	9:38	" 3:12	26	" 10:48	" 5:16	52
OYSTER BAY SID'G	9:15	" 2:55	19	" 11:09	" 5:33	59
NANAIMO	8:34			Ar. 11:50		73
	8:25	" 2:14	5	De. [illegible]	" 6:14	
WELLINGTON	De. 8:10	De. 1:50		Ar. 12:14 P M	A. 6:29	

On Saturdays and Sundays

Return Tickets will be issued between all points for a fare and a quarter, good for return not later than Monday.

Return Tickets for one and a half ordinary fare may be purchased daily to all points, good for seven days, including day of issue.

No Return Tickets issued for a fare and a quarter where the single fare is twenty-five cents.

Through rates between Victoria and Comox.

A. DUNSMUIR, President. JOSEPH HUNTER, Gen'l Supt.
H. K. PRIOR,
oct1 Gen. Freight and Passenger Agent.

QUICK TIME!!!

TO SAN FRANCISCO

— AND —

ALL POINTS IN CALIFORNIA,

Via the Mt Shasta Route of the

Southern Pacific Company

The Great Highway through California to all points East and South.

Grand Scenic Route of the Pacific Coast

PULLMAN BUFFET SLEEPERS.

Pullman Tourist Sleeping Cars
Attached to EXPRESS TRAINS, affording superior accommodations for SECOND-CLASS Passengers.
For rates, tickets, sleeping car reservations etc., call upon or address
THOS A. GRAHAM
Dist. Pass. Agent
No. 1113 Pacific Ave., Washington Block
E. P. ROGERS Tacoma, Wash.
Asst. Gen. Fgt. and Pass. Agt.

FROM TERMINAL OR INTERIOR POINTS

— THE —

Northern Pacific RAILROAD

Is the line to take

TO ALL POINTS EAST AND SOUTH.

It is the Dining Car Route.

It runs Through Vestibuled Trains

Every day in the year to St. Paul and Chicago (no change of cars) composed of
DINING CARS, unsurpassed,
PULLMAN DRAWING ROOM SLEEPERS, of latest equipment,
TOURIST SLEEPING CARS, best that can be constructed, and in which accommodations are Free to holders of First or Second-class Tickets, and

— ELEGANT DAY COACHES —

A Continuous Line connecting with all lines affording direct and uninterrupted service.
Pullman Sleeper reservation can be secured in advance through any agent of the road.

THROUGH TICKETS

To and from all points in America, England and Europe, can be purchased at any ticket office of this Company.
Full information concerning rates, time of trains, routes and other details furnished on application to any agent.

Puget Sound and Alaska Division.

SPEED	Victoria Route.					TONNAGE
18 knots	S.S. "CITY OF KINGSTON."					1117
8 00 am	Lv	Mi	...*Tacoma...	110	Ar	5 15 am
10 15 am	Lv	28	....Seattle....	82	Lv	3 00 am
1 30 pm	Lv	72	Pt. Townsend	38	Lv	11 45 pm
4 30 pm	Ar	110	...Victoria†...	Mi	Lv	8 30 pm

Steamers City of Kingston and City of Seattle make connections at Port Townsend for passengers from Bellingham Bay points to Victoria and return.

Whatcom Route.
S.S. CITY OF SEATTLE.

6 00 pm	Lv	Mi	..‖†Tacoma...	132	Ar	4 30 pm
9 00 pm	Lv	28	....Seattle....	100	Lv	2 30 pm
12 15 am	Lv	72	Pt. Townsend.	55	Lv	11 30 am
2 45 am	Lv	101	..Anacortes..	21	Lv	9 15 am
7 45 am	Ar	123	..Fairhaven..	3	Lv	8 00 am
6 10 am	Ar	131	....Sehome....	1	Lv	7 30 am
4 30 am	Ar	132	...Whatcom...	Mi	Lv	6 00 am

‖Close connections with Northern Pacific trains from Portland and San Francisco.

Steamers City of Kingston and City of Seattle make close connections at Tacoma wharf with trains to and from Portland, and with the east and west bound overland trains.

Port Townsend Mail Route.

	Lv	Mi			A	
11 00 pm	Lv	28	..*Seattle....	58	Ar	" pm
12 30 am	Lv	39	.Port Madison	47	Lv	2 10 pm
	Lv	45	...Kingston...	41	Lv	
3 00 am	Lv	49	.Port Gamble.	21	Lv	11 00 am
4 00 am	Lv	73	.Port Ludlow.	13	Lv	10 00 am
6 00 am	Ar	86	‖Pt. Townsend	Mi	Lv	8 00 am

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PROVINCIAL LEGISLATURE.

Debate on the Want of Confidence Motion Moved by Mr. Cotton.

The Independents Become Oppositionists—A Few Dangerous Somersaults.

Mr. Grant Throws Himself Bodily Into Mr. Davie's Arms—Vote, 22 to 10.

FORTY-FIFTH DAY.

Friday, April 7, 1893.

The speaker took the chair at 2 o'clock. Prayers by Rev. P. McF. McLeod.

Mr. Smith presented a report of the select committee appointed to enquire into the claim of John Wilson and B. F. English for the reward offered by the government for the apprehension of the Cariboo stage robber, Roland. The committee found that Wilson and English gave the information that led to the arrest of Roland.

Hon. Col. Baker moved the second reading of the amendment to the Fraser river bridge bill, adding a by-law as a schedule. The motion was adopted and the house went into committee, when the amendment was inserted in the bill.

Mr. Sword moved that a respectful address be presented to His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor, praying him to urge upon the Dominion government the necessity of taking steps to remove impediments to navigation and the free flow of the river Lillooet, Maple Ridge. The motion was adopted.

Mr. Cotton moved that the government, by neglecting to bring down a redistribution bill, as promised at the opening of this session, has broken faith with this house and forfeited its confidence.

The mover said he had never risen in the house with more reluctance. He felt discredited and disappointed, but he felt that there remained nothing for the independents to do but to shew their disapprobation at the action of the government. The Independent party was formed because the majority of the people of the province thought that the last redistribution bill did not give satisfaction. Before that bill was brought down the government stated that there were a great many difficulties in the way, but they brought down a sort of an instalment. In 1891 redistribution was put off, and the same was the case in 1892. Since the last session a new government had been formed, but the personnel was the same as the late government and the members had pledged themselves to bring down a redistribution bill. The house was assured in the speech from the throne that the bill would be brought down. Again when the estimates were being discussed the members of the executive said the bill would come down. He understood the bill was discussed at a meeting of the members of the government last Thursday, but suddenly a change came about, and between an afternoon and evening session another meeting of the doomed government was called, the result being given out that same evening, when the premier said there would be no redistribution bill. He did not give any reasons, because he could not. The house was justified in passing a vote of want of confidence in the government. He felt it keenly, because he had had high hopes of what the present government was going to do for the country. The government will probably bring down a redistribution bill just before the next general election, when there will be no opportunity to discuss it. It was known what the census returns were before the end of last year, and the government could have known what they were before they promised to bring down the bill, and in either case they should be condemned. The government had an excuse for not bringing down a bill in 1890, as they could have said that a census was to be taken next year and in 1892 a proper bill would be brought down, but they brought in a bill to endeavor to change the unfair conditions at the time. The present government did not have such an excuse. The government did not deny that Cowichan, Esquimalt and Victoria districts were over-represented, but if their excuse was good it would be 1895 before a bill could be brought down and this unfairness done away with. The late premier stated in 1890 that it would be unjust to allow matters to remain as they were until the next election, but the present government was doing that. The members on his side of the house could understand why the bill was not brought down. It was because the government could not bring down a fair bill without driving themselves out of power, as the opposition and independent members represented more than one-third more votes than the government did. One party should not be considered against the interests of the whole province. The Independents did not ask for an increased representation for the mainland if the figures did not justify it. What they wanted was a fair redistribution. Vancouver did not want more representatives. They just wanted to be dealt with fairly.

Hon. Mr. Davie did not think the last speaker's constituents would thank him for what he had stated. He had said a great deal that he was not justified in saying. The nervousness and timidity was on the part of the late speaker and not on the part of the government. In framing a redistribution bill the population would have to be taken into consideration, but other things would also have to be considered. The government was not in possession of sufficient data as to the population of the province to bring down the bill. In considering redistribution the question of sectionalism was to be done away with. So soon as the returns justified the bringing down of a bill that bill would be brought down. The census returns stated that there was a population of 97,612 in the province, with an estimated 1,500 in Cariboo. It further stated that there were 36,767 people on the island and 60,845 on the mainland. These figures were looked into more particularly and one of the first things that transpired was that the census bulletins were not complete. A telegram received a few days ago stated that a bulletin just published stated that in 1891 the population of the province was 98,173. Out of the 98,173 people the Indians, of whom there were 36,767, had to be taken, leaving 62,971 whites and Chinamen. On the mainland there were 31,946 whites and on the island 31,025, and therefore a redistribution bill would have to continue on the same basis as it had for the last twenty years. In view of this, what became of the boasted population of 42,000 in New Westminster district, including Vancouver and New Westminster cities. This, however, included 12,000 Indians. If the population of New Westminster was what was claimed there were only a few thousand people in the other districts of the mainland. What was the government to do in view of this? Either the population of New Westminster was exaggerated or else the Dominion census was wrong. But the mover of the resolution had stated that the census was correct. One mainland paper had stated that the Indians should be considered in framing a redistribution bill. If thosi was done the Indians should be placed on the voters' lists and be given representation in the house. If the government had erred in promising a redistribution bill, why should they persevere in their error and bring it down. A bill at present could not fail to cause dissatisfaction from Cariboo to Cowichan. The member for Vancouver had boasted of his support of the government, but he (Mr. Davie) failed to see where it came in. It was true that Mr. Cotton had trimmed his sails for a short time, but his reason for so doing he (Mr. Davie) did not know. The opposition talked of cutting off the members from the agricultural districts. He would like to know what the people of the cities would do if it was not for the agricultural districts? Other governments very often did not carry out measures that were foreshadowed in the speech from the throne. The Dominion house this year only carried out four out of six promised measures. No inconvenience will arise by the bill being brought down at the session before the general election. The bill could be brought in early in the session. He would prove that the votes cast at the last election amounted to something like 19,000, of which the government received 10,000, and the Independents and opposition 9,000. (Laughter.) The government could not with any measure of justice bring down the bill, but they would do it just as soon as the census returns justified them in doing so.

Mr. Horne thought the premier had fully answered the member for Vancouver. He moved an amendment to the effect that the government in postponing the bill had acted in the best interests of the province.

Mr. Brown contended that the amendment did not change the complexion of the question. The Premier had stated that there were 19,000 votes cast at the last general elections. A return presented to the House showed that there were but 15,560 voters in the province. How can 15,000 voters cast 19,000 votes? The Premier had also spoken about the Indian population of New Westminster. He (Mr. Brown) had more thousand white men behind his back than the Premier had hundreds and the latter could include all the Indians, papooses and Indian dogs in Cowichan. The district of Alberni was a pocket borough but as the Government had formed it they would have to deal very delicately with it. The Premier should be the last one to talk about telling one story in the House and another to his constituents. What about the stories the Premier told to the residents of Cobble Hill? What about that mythical two million and the anchoring of the capital at Victoria? The Premier had told the members the same old story that had been told time and again. He read a telegram from a Vancouver paper of March 31st, which stated that the census bulletin had not been completed but it was March 30th when he stated that a redistribution bill would not be brought down. He could have given the Premier the complete census returns in 1892, returns that the Premier had waited for until they were published a week ago. The outside districts were entitled to more representation than the districts around the cities, and the rural districts were entitled to more representation in proportion than the cities. But the present proportions were not fair. The 4000 people in the districts around Victoria were able to outvote three to two the whole of the city of Victoria. The Government had sufficient data to bring forward a fair measure of reform in the distribution of the constituencies. The telegrams giving the population of the Island at 31,025 and the Mainland at 31,946 were frauds in the sense in which they were used. The census statistician gave him a return showing that there were 200 more Indians on the coast of the Island than the telegram stated there were on the whole Island. The returns of 1881 showed that there were 25,000 Indians and the enumerator stated that they were decreasing. But in the face of this the Premier produced a telegram which stated that there were 35,000 Indians in the province in 1890. If everything was taken into consideration it would be proved that there were only a little over 23,000 Indians in the province. The Government in a bulletin last year contended that the enumerators had missed from twelve to twenty thousand white people but they had not missed one Indian. On account of this they put off the redistribution bill. The Government had proved by trying to show that the census was wrong, that the population of the province was nearly 100,000. If it was a question of settling a few little inaccuracies he would not say that it was necessary to bring down a bill. But the inaccuracies at present were glaring. The Government's scheming and dodging was just for the purpose of keeping in power. They dare not come out and have a fair fight in an open field.

Mr. Semlin was surprised that the government members did not reply to the speech just closed. It had been conceded that there was an injustice in the representation of the province, but they did not attempt to do away with that injustice. It is true that they had brought in one bill in 1890, to answer the purpose for the time being, but since then they had from year to year been deferring a redistribution bill. It must be inferred that the government would introduce a fair measure, and it would have been better to bring in a bill this session than it will be next year. The people of the country would have more time to study and to understand the measure. There was sufficient data without referring to the Dominion census to form a basis for a measure of redistribution. The government had acted on the census to take advantage of the delays that must necessarily follow. The mover of the resolution had expressed regret in acting as he did. He (Mr. Semlin) did not regret the opportunity, as he had often expressed his disapproval of the manner in which the government were governing the province. He could sympathize with the mover of the resolution, for, as a new arrival in the province, he might have been deceived by the promises of the government, but he for some years past had not been deceived by those promises. The Independents had evidently found out the value of the government's promises. The government seemed to be saturated with the idea that those who opposed them did so for selfish purposes. His eyes had been opened years ago to the duplicity of the government. He could go back to promise after promise that had been made but not carried out. When he had seen that the question of redistribution was mentioned in the speech he had wondered if he had not done the government an injustice, in stating, as he had, that they would not bring down a redistribution measure. But when the premier announced that they had abandoned this idea he was convinced he knew the government thoroughly well. We have all those who have the right to elect representatives on the provincial voters' list, and this, with whatever other data was necessary, could be obtained without going to the Dominion census. They went to the census to put off the measure. There is very great need of redistribution. There is a very manifest injustice in regard to all the rural districts of the province. If the government valued a character for honesty they should have insisted that a bill as promised be brought down. They might have done the same as they did with the Torrens system bill. As honest men the members of the legislature should censure the government.

EVENING SESSION.

Mr. Speaker called the House to order at 8:15 o'clock and the debate on Mr. Cotton's motion was resumed by

Mr. Grant, who twitted hon. members who were most deeply interested in this motion for their backwardness in fighting their own particular interests. Referring to the resolution under discussion he was quite willing to admit that the Government had been somewhat derelict in regard to some questions which affected the best interests of the Province. He was quite willing to admit that the Government had been playing fast and loose with this particular question before the House, and he did not know that he could hold the Government free from blame entirely, but a number of things must be taken into consideration in discussing this motion, one of which was the fact that the House was at the tail end of a session. Then again it was a question whether it would be wise in the interests of the province to turn the Government out of their seats; it is a matter of very serious import. If the Independents had taken this position two months ago, or even last year he did not know what he would have done in the matter, but looking at the question and the side of the House from which it emanated, they had been playing fast and loose with not only the Government but with the Opposition. (Hear, hear.) The Independents were practically elected to be a stand between the Government and Opposition; they were to take neither side from a partisan spirit and he had seen them when it was in their own material interest, they were with the Government, but

(Continued on page 8.)

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LEGAL NOTICES.

NOTICE.

Take notice that I shall not be responsible for any debts contracted by my wife, Mary Wild Turnbull, after this date, without my written authority. J. O. TURNBULL.
7th April, 1893. 1w

A CORRECTION.

To the Editor: An advertisement appears in your columns which does us and many others a great injustice. I refer to that of Ross, McLaren & Co. re the townsite of Duluth. None of the land referred to in the advertisement is in any way conected with the townsite of Duluth. Our land, as well as any other that has been platted or added to Duluth is ours in fee simple by virtue of a crown grant issued two years ago, and the title is indisputable.
Very respectfully,
KING & CASEY.

Dissolution of Partnership.

The partnership heretofore existing and and known as CALLBREATH, GRANT and COOK, doing business as General Merchants in Cassiar, B. C., is this day dissolved by mutual consent. All debts owing to and due by the late firm will be settled by John Cowan Callbreath and George W. Cook.

JOHN C. CALLBREATH.
JOHN GRANT.
GEORGE W. COOK.
By his attorney in fact,
John C. Callbreath.
Witness for all—Jos. Fletcher.
Victoria, B. C., 11th March, 1893..

NOTICE OF ASSIGNMENT.

In pursuance of the "Creditors Trust Deeds Act, 1890," notice is hereby given that Thomas Russell, of 27 Ellis street, in the city of Victoria, British Columbia, accountant, has assigned all his real and personal property to William Wilson, of Government street, in the city of Victoria, and residing at Pemberton road, in the city of Victoria, clothier, and James Burns, of Beacon Cottage, Beacon Hill, in the city of Victoria, British Columbia, commission merchant, in trust for the purpose of paying and satisfying proportionately and without preference or priority the creditors of the said Thomas Russell. The said deed was executed by the said assignor and trustees on the 22nd day of March, 1893, and the assignees have undertaken the trusts created by the said deed.
Dated 22nd March, 1893.
S. PERRY MILLS,
46 Langley street, Victoria,
Solicitor for the Assignees.
March 24-1m

William Eckert, Deceased:

NOTICE.—All persons having claims or demands against the estate of William Eckert, late of Yates street, in the city of Victoria, grocer, deceased, are hereby required to send in particulars of their claims and demands on or before the 30th day of April next, to Simon Leiser, of the city of Victoria, merchant, attorney-in-fact for me—the administratrix, by virtue of letters of administration granted to me by the Supreme Court of British Columbia on the 8th day of February, 1893.
And notice is hereby also given that after such 30th day of April next I shall proceed to distribute the assets of the deceased among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which I shall then have notice.
Dated this 25th day of March, 1893.
ELIZA A. ECKERT,
Administratrix of the said deceased.
March 27-1m.

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mar25-1m

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A. MAXWELL MUIR,
ARCHITECT,
931 Douglas Street.

Notice of Assignment.

Notice is hereby given that Aaron Lewis, carrying on business under the name and style of A. Lewis and Co., at No. 46 Yates street, in the city of Victoria, British Columbia, stove and hardware merchant, has assigned all his real and personal property to George Frank Mathews, of Government and Johnson streets, in the city of Victoria, and residing at No. 308 Dallas road, hardware merchant, and Robert Dudgeon, residing at the Brunswick hotel, Yates street, in the city of Victoria, bookkeeper to the said Aaron Lewis, in trust, for the purpose of paying and satisfying proportionately and without preference or priority the creditors of the said Aaron Lewis.

The said deed was executed by the said assignor and trustees on the 17th day of March, A. D. 1893, and the assignees have undertaken the trusts created by the said deed.

All persons having claims against the said Aaron Lewis must forward and deliver full particulars of claim, duly verified, to the assignees at Victoria, on or before the 20th day of April, 1893. All persons indebted to said Aaron Lewis are required to pay the amount due by them to the said assignees forthwith. After the first day of July, 1893, the trustees will proceed to distribute the assets of the said estate among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which they shall then have had notice. A meeting of the creditors will be held at the office of the undersigned on Friday, the 24th day of March, 1893, at 2.30 o'clock, p. m.

S. PERRY MILLS,
46 Langley street, Victoria,
Solicitor for the Assignees.
Dated the 17th day of March, 1893.
mar 18-1m

PROVINCIAL LEGISLATURE.

(Concluded from Page 7.)

when it came down to a question which the Opposition thought was against the material interest of this province the Independents took a stand with the Government. And now they come forward at the tail end of the session to ask the House to turn the Government out of their seats when the session had been spent in passing a number of bills affecting the interest and prosperity of the province. Mr. Grant proceeded to analyze the position of the House in case the motion carried, and he declared that it would be impossible to form a Government from the other side of the House, although the Opposition and the Independents combined represented more than a majority of the people of the province, and moreover, although he was as much opposed to the Government as anyone else, he was not prepared to see them turned out at the present juncture, as it would nullify the whole of the work of 1893, and nothing could be done till 1894. The question of representation by population had been dwelt upon, but he would refer to the failure of the problem in the east, and out of the attempt to solve which the system of confederation arose. The Government had a most difficult question to deal with in this matter of redistribution, and it would be found when the Government did bring down a measure of the kind that a considerable number of people would be dissatisfied with it. Mr. Grant repeated that in the event of the Government being defeated, the entire session of 1892 would be lost. Personally he was a nondescript sort of individual, as at the time of the last general election, although elected as an Oppositionist, he had promised only to support the Government in any good measures they brought down and oppose any he thought were bad. It is a fact that there are quite a number of districts in the province that are under represented, but if representation by population is adopted Victoria, Vancouver and New Westminster would be alloted the major portion of the representation. Representation can scarcely be alloted on those lines; there has to be a certain amount of giving and taking all around. He referred to the census taken by the Dominion and how inaccurate it was found to be, so that that would not be a fair guide to go by. Certainly the Government had not done all that they might or should have done; had they been more speculative the population of the country might have been much greater; the fault with them was that they were not speculative enough and therefore although he would like to see them turned out he did not see that anything would be gained by turning out the Government before the expiration of its natural term; therefore he would vote against the motion.

Mr. Kellie would support the Government which he considered had served the best interests of his section of the country at least in delaying the introduction of redistribution, as, from the present rapid development of that country, it would no doubt be entitled to at least two representatives. Railroads are in course of construction, bringing with them development and population, and if a bill were passed at the present time, before the next general election the probability is that in population and wealth the Kootenay country, towards which capitalists and investors are looking, would far overshadow any section of British Columbia. (Hear, hear.) He didn't think that anyone understood the vast resources of mineral wealth stored away in that country, and which the united key of capital and labor would open out in the next two or three years. He would therefore endorse the action of the Government in withholding the redistribution bill for the present.

Hon. Mr. Beaven referred to the great anomaly which existed in the representation of the province at present. Here was the senior member for Vancouver bringing in a motion condemning the government for not fulfilling the promise made in the beginning of the session, but on the other hand there was the junior member for Vancouver moving an amendment to the effect that the government, in dealing with the redistribution as it has done, has acted in the best interests of the province. When the vote on this question is taken the city of Vancouver will have nothing whatever to say in the matter, because one representative will have voted one way and the other in another direction, and the consequence will be the nullifying of the whole representation of Vancouver city. This is about as practical an illustration of the system of representation adopted in this province as could well be got, and is an object lesson not only to the members of this house but to the country at large to show that a system such as this should not exist any longer than it was possible to change it. This question of redistribution was pretty well threshed out in the house during the session preceding the general election of 1890, and the position then taken by members on the opposition side of the house has been fully justified by the result which has been accomplished since. It was held at that time that by the addition of a few members to the house that was all that was necessary. It was then shown by the opposition side of the house that as far as adding to the members of the house was concerned there was nothing to justify it in reason or in sense, and no argument could be possibly advanced to show that this province should have 33 instead of 30; no one attempted to show it was necessary; it was merely an act of expediency, to wriggle over a difficulty which the government of the day found themselves in. But could any one, looking at the province as a whole, possibly argue from any standpoint of reason that 33, or 30, or even 25 members are insufficient to represent the interests of the people in the legislature? Of course not. All these questions were gone over at the time, and the hon. gentleman who now represents New Westminster city was one of a delegation which came down to interview the government upon the question of the representation of New Westminster district and the lower Fraser generally, and after a series of interviews the delegation went home tolerably satisfied with the promise of the government that as soon as the Dominion census had been taken a measdown by the government. Hon. Mr. Beaven could not understand, and he pointed out the fact at the time, what practical value to the question of redistribution would be any information which could be gained from the result of the Dominion census; he did not understand how it possibly could become a factor in deciding representation. Any one after the smallest consideration would have seen that it was only a makeshift, a put-off, a question of expediency merely to bridge over the general election, and if possible to maintain their position in the house. No person of the slightest reflection ever thought that the pledge would be fulfilled, and for himself he was not at all disappointed. As to the Dominion census, it was practically useless to this province in an electoral sense, as the electoral districts for the legislative assembly and the house of commons differed very materially, and in this connection Mr. Beaven contrasted the respective districts of Victoria, Vancouver and New Westminster for the federal and local houses, so that if the government were going to frame an act giving representation on the basis of population, all the information the Dominion census would give would be that there were so many people in British Columbia. Of course the policy adopted by the government tided over the difficulty for the time being, and when the general election came on it resulted in a number of gentlemen coming before the constituencies classing themselves as Independents. He heard his hon. friend (Mr. Grant) define his duty as a representative, but was not it the duty of every man who aspired to be a public man to support that which he thought to be good and oppose that which appeared bad? After the election the gentlemen who called themselves Independents, and who had advocated the measures and improvements sought by the opposition, were given an opportunity of disapproving of the course of the government, but they did not accept the offer, although it must have been plain to any one giving the matter the smallest consideration that the pledge of the government of redistribution was only a subterfuge. Mr. Beaven referred to the attorney-general's peculiar method of figuring out a majority by representatoin for the government, and repeated the statement that the members of the opposition and Independent party represented a very much larger popular vote than the members occupying the treasury benches and their supporters. Coming down to the opening of the present session, a promise was made that redistribution would be brought down, but hon. gentlemen would recollect that he (Mr. Beaven) had prognosticated that the promise would never be fulfilled. What would a redistribution bill mean? It would mean to a gentleman like the attorney-general and the gentleman who represents the district with him, that one of these gentlemen's heads would be cut off, and as Mr. Beaven had been watching the political career of the attorney-general for a number of years, it would be a matter of surprise if he carried out such a contract. The hon. member for Vancouver had stated that he held out high hopes of the promise which the government expressed; well, that showed an amount of gullibility beyond Mr. Beaven's comprehension. (Laughter.) He was heartily in favor of redistribution, as he thought that the principle of the minority ruling was wrong; it was wrong that the minority should continue to conduct the affairs of the country, considering large questions and contracting obligations, it was not popular representation; it is not government by the majority of the people, and the calculations of the attorney-general that the contrary exist will not stand for one minute. The question comes, though, which of the motions shall the house support, whether it is well to support the proposition which condemns the government for not doing something which he was quite satisfied no one ever thought they would do, or support the other side giving them a large whitewashing in saying they are promoting the best interests of the province, which no one thinks they have done. He could not safely endorse the statement of his hon. friend (Mr. Grant) that it would be an injury to the province to turn the government out at this particular stage, because he thought it would be one of the most fortunate things that could happen to the province. (Hear, hear.) It would increase confidence in the country, it would increase the development of the material interests of the province, and the system which the hon. the chief commissioner of lands and works had of disposing of the public lands to speculators would be stopped, and if a great many of the pieces of legislation and schemes which the government had brought down this session went into the waste paper basket, it would also be a benefit to the country.

An hon. member—The municipal bill, too?

Mr. Beaven—Yes, and if a great portion of the municipal bill were put into the waste paper basket there would be some good gained. Now, to support the motion of the junior member for Vancouver would be practically saying that the system of representation which prevails in this house to-day is the correct one. But he held that had the government earnestly endeavored to carry out the pledge which they had made, they should on the very first session after the general election have brought down a redistribution measure, and, if necessary, have gone to the country and had a house which represented the country. (Hear, hear.) Then they would have been entitled to the confidence of the country. (Hear, hear.) But in any event they must have known by the returns that were brought down to the house that they represented only a minority of the people. Why, if they were the statesmen they represented themselves to be they would at once have appealed to the country on a basis of proper representation by redistribution. The redistribution which had been made was but a political makeshift and should have condemned for all time the men who were parties to it. Viewing the question, therefore, as he did, Mr. Beaven would support the motion of the senior member for Vancouver (Mr. Cotton) Of course he did not expect that this motion would carry, for no doubt the attorney-general before making this announcement had found out who would support him, and when he saw he had a majority he came down bold as a lion (Laughter). There is no doubt about it that this question of redistribution is one which must engage the attention of whoever forms the government of this province, as the anomalies are so great that a thorough change, such as was inaugurated at the time of confederation, is to be brought about. Mr. Beaven referred to the time of his government, when a change in the nature of proper redistribution was made in Kootenay, to which promising country he paid a fitting tribute.

The question was then put, and Mr. Cotton's motion was lost by a strict party vote (with the exception of Mr. Grant, who voted with the government), on the following division:

QUESTION OF PRIVILEGE.

Hon. Mr. Turner rose to a question of privilege and read another "treasonable" article from the Seattle Post-Intelligencer regarding the proposed secession of the mainland from the island.

Mr. Brown explained that a good deal of this was caused by the fact that the government retains the services of a man known as the Vancouver Liar for the government, whose business it was to get up and circulate such stories as these.

Mr. Grant asked leave to introduce "an act to amend section 4 of the 'liquor license regulation act, 1891,'" but the bill was killed on the first reading.

Mr. Sword moved for copies of all correspondence as to the proclamation bringing into force part I. of the "Canadian Western and Northern Extension and aid act, 1892," including copies of the securities given to the government, as required by section 4 of said act. Carried.

Mr. Rogers asked leave to introduce "an act to amend the 'cattle act,'" Read a first time.

Mr. Brown moved for copies of all communications between the honorable minister of finance and the department o. agriculture of the Dominion with regard to the census.

Mr. Watt asked the hon. the chief commissioner of lands and works: Is it the intention of the government to use any portion of the sum voted for surveys throughout the province to survey those sections of Yale, Kootenay, Lillooet, and Lower Cariboo districts, or any of them, in whoch irrigation is required for the successful prosecution of agriculture, in order to show how lands now comparatively useless may be supplied with sufficient water for purposes of irrigation; and if such surveys were made whether they will show the source of water supply, its amount, the direction, length, capacity, and cost of the necessary ditches, and the acreage which will in this way be reclaimed?

Hon. Mr. Vernon said the matter which was an entirely new subject, was one which would take a great deal of consideration, and as it had not yet been sufficiently considered by the government no answer could be given just at present.

Mr. Semlin asked the honorable the minister of finance what amount of security has been deposited with the government by the promotors of the Canadian Western railway and the nature of such security.

Hon. Mr. Turner replied that a bond for $50,000 had been executed by R. P. Rithet on Sept. 17th, 1892, and a collateral bond for the same amount by Frank Bakeman and others had been filed with the First National Bank of Chicago.

The following bills were read a third time:

School bill, railway bill, land registry bill, execution bill, Nakusp and Slocan railway bill (No. 31), Mr. Martin, Nelson and Arrow Lake railway company bill, Kaslo electric light and water power bill, conveyances (Smith & Angus) validation bill.

The land surveyors' bill was read a first and second time.

The mineral bill was considered in committee and reported complete.

Hon. Mr. Davie introduced a bill respecting the Canadian Western railway. He also introduced a bill to amend the consumers' water works act.

On consideration of the reprtr of the Kootenay Central railway bill, Mr. Croft introduced the amendments which were defeated in committee. They were again defeated and Mr. Croft therefore withdrew the bill.

Hon. Mr. Davie introduced a bill to amend the Sumas Dyking Company's act.

The house adjourned at 12 o'clock until 11 o'clock on Monday.

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